All the News
For Twelve Cents
Per Week.
Try
THE MORNING STAR,

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DISAPPOINTED.

Merchants who Purchased their Goods early are shedding tears of Disappointment.

THE
Bottom
Has Dropped Out

Foreign manufacturers
Are frightened.
They manufactured a
Great many more Goods
Than necessary for their
American customers, and
Have just realized it,
We have taken
Advantage of it.
OUR orders were placed late.
And we got the
Benefit of
The panic.

Compare Prices
BEFORE PURCHASING.

Agents for
Rich'd Hudnut's Perfume
The favorite of New York's "400."

At $3.60, —Former Price $6 50. Colored Dress Patterns in the latest weaves, Foreign fabrics.

At $3 Pat., —Former price $6.— Colored Dress Patterns, Foreign Novelties, Latest importations.

At 37 1-2c. yd.—Former Price 60. Colored Fancy Dress Fabrics, special offer to close out.

At 60c. yd.—Former price 85c.— Silks in exquisite colorings, Waist patterns only.

At 15c. yd. —Former Price 20c.— Crepons in Red, Lemon, Orange and Heliotrope, Pink and Blue.

At 12 1-2c. yd.—Former price 15c. Crepons in exquisite shades.

The latest Novelty in Silk—TAFFETA PLISSE.

At 50c. yd.—Former Price 75c.— China Silks in all shades, 24-in. in width. (Special.)

At $1 yd.— Former price $1 50.— 22 inch Black Peau de Soi Silk. This is a special bargain.

At 15c. each. Former price 25c,— Irish and German Damask Towels, knitted Fringe, size 37x17 in.

At 75c.—Former price $1.25. – 50-in Blk Bengaline Tissue for skirts.

Just received, genuine Fibre Chamois.

Agents for
Smith & Angel's Hosiery.

At 25c. Former price 50c.—Ten Cakes pure Castile Soap. (Limited)

At 15c. each, Former price 40c.— Ladies' Brilliant Lisle Hose, black, slightly damaged.

50 pieces Imperial Long Cloth, just received.

At 33 1-3c. Former price 50c.— Victoria blk Ing. Hose for ladies. One lot slightly soiled.

50 Pcs. Circlette, Just received. The new "Skirt Distender," takes the place of both Crinoline and Hair cloth, and is lighter and Cheaper, In black, white, Slate.

Guaranteed as Advertised.

A. D. BROWN'S,
Successor to BROWN & RODDICK
No. 9 NORTH FRONT ST.
feb 2 tf

Cash Paid
—FOR—
Beeswax.
If you have some to sell ship it to us and we will allow you
30 CENTS PER POUND
for it in Boston and no charge for Commission or carting. References all through the South if required.
W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO.,
Boston, Mass.
jan 27 2m Office and Warehouse 86 Central Wharf.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LV.—NO. 122. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,658

If You Want
ALL THE NEWS
IN GOOD SHAPE,
Read
THE MORNING STAR.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Newbern Fair.

FEBRUARY
18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23.

Premiums Aggregate
$7,000!

Race Premiums
$3,000!

Largest Ever Offered In the State.

Universally acknowledged
The best Fair
Ever held
In the South.

COME!

And induce your friends
To do likewise.
You will be pleased.

One Round Trip
On All Railroads.

W. N. & N. R. R. Excursion Trains
One Cent Per Mile.
feb 3 cf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C.
AND
Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

New York for Wilmington.
SOUTH PORTLAND, Saturday, Feb. 9
CROATAN, Saturday, Feb. 16
Wilmington for New York.
CROATAN, Saturday, F b. 9
SOUTH PORTLAND, Saturday, Feb. 16
Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.
SOUTH PORTLAND, Tuesday, Feb. 5
CROATAN, Tuesday, Feb. 12

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.
For freight or passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y.
Feb 3 tf

Seed Potatoes.

Choice Houlton EARLY ROSE just received, in fine order and offered low.

A small consignment of
Mountain Butter.

HALL & PEARSALL,
Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants,
Nutt and Mulberry sts
jan 5 tf D&W

NOTICE!

A Dividend of ten per cent. will be paid, on and after the 15th day of February, 1895, to all creditors of the Bank of New Hanover, at Wilmington, who have duly proved their claims before the Receiver.
JULIUS DAVIS,
feb 3 3t Receiver.

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,
Wilmington, N. C

Importers and Jobbers
American, English And German
Hardware
Tinware,
Earthenware,
Cutlery,
Guns,
Ammunition, &c.
sep 23 tf

Coal, Coal,
Red Ash Egg, White Ash Egg,
White Ash Stove.
Chestnut Coal, Furnace Coal,
Pea Coal, Foundry Coal,
Tennessee Lump, Pochahontas Lump
Wood, Wood.
OAK, ASH, LIGHTWOOD.
All Coal and Wood of the best quality and Lowest Prices.
J. A. SPRINGER.
dec 28 tf

FOR SALE.
OLD NEWSPAPERS, IN ANY QUANTITY suitable for wrapping purposes, for sale; 30 cent per hundred. ap 21 tf STAR OFFICE

OUTLINES

Proceedings in Congress yesterday—District Appropriation bill in the Senate; "words" between two Senators financial matters in the House. —— U. S. bonds in London. —— Large shipment of ammunition to China by the Winchester Arms Company. —— Chicago grain and provision market. —— Cotton spots and futures. —— Weshington News—The gold reserve increasing; the bond issue discussed at a Cabinet meeting. —— A man and boy burned to death in Pittsburg. —— National Farmers' Alliance—In session at Raleigh; secret session last night. —— Train held up on the Santa Fe railroad—Passengers plundered. —— The Charleston Chamber of Commerce endorses the message of President Cleveland. —— Willard's Hotel, Washington City, has changed hands. —— Smallpox at Bluefield, Virginia. —— The Brooklyn Strike—Policemen prevent a mass-meetiag of strikers; a car runs into a funeral procession; the Mayor to veto the resolution passed by the Aldermen revoking franchises of companies. —— Foreign News—Outrages on Christians in Syria; life belts from the steamer Elbe. —— The Debs conspiracy trial—Judge Crosscup's ruling thought to be favorable to Debs —— Wreck of a steamer near Nassau—Passengers and crew saved. —— Disastrous fire at Hancock, Ind. —— Hardware dealers fail at Memphis, —— Foundary burned at Utica, N. Y. —— A conspiracy at Rio Janiero—Martial law to be declared. —— N. Y. markets: Money on call was easy to-day at 1@2 per cent., with last loan at 2 per cent., and closing offered at 2 per cent; cotton dull and easy; middling gulf 5⅞ cents; middling uplands 5⅝ cts; Southern flour dull but steady; common to fair extra $1 90@2 75, good to choice do. $2.85@3.25, wheat dull and ⅜@⅜c higher, closing firm; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 57¼ cents; afloat 58¾@59 cents; corn quiet and firmer; No. 2 at elevator 47 cents; afloat 48 cents; spirits turpentine quiet and firm 29½@30 cents; resin firm; strained common to good $1 85@1.40.

The Baltimore *Sun* says one of the great troubles with the Democratic party is that there are too many men in it who want to be captains. That's about the size of it.

Col. R. G. Ingersoll positively denies that he is dead, as reported. As the Colonel wouldn't deceive people in a matter like this, we are willing to take his statement.

The committee of the State Senate in unanimously reporting against a bill to make nine hours a day's work in factories did a very sensible thing.

Recorder Goff, of New York, is a thrifty reformer. He worked the Lexow Committee and worked himself into an office worth $14,000 a year with a pretty long term. Now he wants his salary raised to $17,500.

A reception recently tendered in Albany to General Adam A. McAlpin, chief of Governor Morton's staff, was remarkable for the total absence of stimulants among the beverages. The stimulants probably figured later.

The Washington correspondent of the New York *Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin* says there is no prospect of the Nicaragua Canal bill passing the House this session. If it does not then this Congress will have very little to its credit when it expires.

The Chinese peace envoys didn't tarry long in Japan. When it was found that they did not have authority to negotiate final terms of peace but were only a sort of feelers, they were hustled out and told to go whence they came without lingering on the way. And they went.

A coroner's inquest was brought to a sudden stop the other day in Connellsville, Pa., by the "corpse" demanding to know "what all that fuss was about." When informed by the coroner that he was dead he emphatically denied it, and insisted on the coroner hunting for another job.

The tract of territory in dispute between Mexico and Guatemala is a strip about forty miles from East to West, and sixty miles at one end and thirty at the other. It really belongs to Guatemala, but Mexico has controlled it. It abounds in mahogany timber which is probably one of the reasons why Mexico wants to keep her clutch on it.

The Health Commissioner of the city of Brooklyn advises the people of that city to boil their drinking water. The average Brooklyn denizen may not have much use for drinking water, but those of them who do should prefer to take the fish, &c., which inhabit it, boiled rather than raw. This advice is good not only in Brooklyn, but everywhere.

Senator Gorman boasts that the Senate "does not take account of the storms brewing outside." If it took more account of the storms brewing outside it would be better for the country, and perhaps better for the Senate, for the people who brew the storms will find a way of stirring up the Senate some of these days, and making it sensible of the storms without.

Gov. Fishback, of Arkansas, wasn't in it. Senator Berry's pole knocked the persimmon, and he goes back for another term.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. A. SPRINGER—Coal.
HEINSBERGER—Bicycles.
A. D. BROWN—Bottom dropped out.
AT AUCTION—Diamonds, watches, &c.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

TO MAKE big money.
B F. L.—Money to loan.
WANTED—Energetic agents.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— The mercury touched the freezing point—33 degrees—at 6 a. m. yesterday.

— Mr. M. J. Dingelhoef will sell his entire stock at auction, beginning February 9.

— The anti-toxine treatment has been used in the four cases of diphtheria reported a day or two ago with good results.

— The box-sheet for the pantomime at the Opera House Friday night will be open at Yates' bookstore this morning.

— Timber rafts are coming in slowly. There is no stock on the market. Only one raft arrived yesterday. There is good demand.

— Capt. F. M. James, keeper of Oak Grove Cemetery, reports eight interments there during the month of January. Of these, but two were white.

— Norman, the infant son of Mr. W. C. Craft, died Monday night, after a short illness with scarlet fever, and was buried yesterday. Another child—Mabel—is sick with the same disease. The family have the sympathy of many friends in their sad affliction.

— The revival meetings at Brooklyn Baptist Church continue with increasing interest. There was a large attendance at the church last night, and several confessions. Rev. Mr. Peele, the pastor, conducts the services. He was assisted last night by Rev. Mr. Hildreth.

— In the U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals at Richmond, Va., yesterday, judgment of the lower Court was affirmed in the case of Robinson, receiver of the First National Bank of Wilmington, N. C., appellant, vs. City of Wilmington and William A. Willson, treasurer.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. B. F. Keith left yesterday for Point Caswell.

— Mr. S. B. Hall, of Hallsboro, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. W. T. (Buck) Meadows, of Raleigh, is here on a visit to friends.

— Mr. Allen B. Hallett has been admitted to practice law by the Supreme Court.

— Mr. L. L. Mallard, a prominent merchant of Wallace, N. C., was here yesterday.

— Mr. William Alderman, of Harrison's Creek, Pender county, was in the city yesterday.

— Messrs. A. H. Slocumb and R. B. Taylor, merchants of Fayetteville, were visitors in the city yesterday.

— Mr. McDonald, travelling agent for the firm of Dobler and Mudge, was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Mr. B. F. Lee, of the firm of Dozier & Lee, returned yesterday from a business trip up the W. & W. R. R.

— Mr. N. E. Bunting, who has been quite sick, has recovered sufficiently to leave for the West on a business trip.

— Mr. Walter L. Radford, soliciting agent for the Atlantic Coast Line, with headquarters at Columbia, S. C., is in the city on business.

— Mr. Walter Perdue left yesterday afternoon for Macon, Ga., to engage in the hotel business there. About twenty-five of his friends went to the depot to bid him farewell.

— A club has been organized by the name of the "Six Aces," with the following members; Victor T. Boatwright, Charles F. Green, Thos. M. Green, Octave Wiggins, Ed. Peschau and H. G. Latimer, Jr. They have for their colors yellow and black. They will give a series of entertainments for some charitable institution.

— Messrs. C. B. Price, Mount Olive; J. H. Lewis, Hamlet; J. A. Westbrook, Mount Olive; Thos. Perritt, J. S Westbrook, Falson: E M. Averill, Sumter; F. A. Lyon, Greensboro; C. G Adams, North Carolina; H. Batters, Hub; Bruce Williams, Burgaw; J. L Autry, Sampson county, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—71 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 41 bbls rosin, 12 bbls tar, 8 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—28 bales cotton, 48 bbls rosin, 11 bbls tar.

C. F. & Y. V. R. R.—23 bales cotton, 17 casks spirits turpentine, 75 bbls rosin, 26 bbls tar.

Stmr Frank Sessoms—23 bbls rosin.

Steamer Lisbon—13 casks spirits turpentine, 150 bbls rosin, 12 bbls tar.

Steamer Killam and flat—2 casks spirits turpentine, 114 bbls rosin, 13 bbls tar.

Schooner William—8 bales cotton, 20 casks spirits turpentine, 85 bbls rosin, 16 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts.—Cotton, 124 bales; spirits turpentine, 55 casks; rosin, 586 bbls; tar, 74 bbls; crude turpentine, 19 bbls.

SEACOAST RAILROAD.

Stockholders Meeting—Officers Re-elected—Will Not Rebuild Hotel.

The stockholders of the Wilmington Seacoast Railway Company held their annual meeting in this city yesterday.

Reports of the President and General Manager showing the condition of the company's property and the operations of the road were received and read.

The old Board of Directors was re-elected, as follows: Messrs. Geo. R. French, B. G. Worth, E. S. Latimer, W. H. Chadbourn, Jas. H. Chadbourn, Jr., G H. Smith and Oscar Pearsall.

After adjournment of the stockholders' meeting the newly-elected Board of Directors met and re-elected all the old officers of the company, as follows:

President—Geo. R. French.
General Manager—Jno. H. Daniel.
Secretary and Treasurer—W. P. Toomer.

It is understood that the company will build a terminal station for the railroad at Wrightsville beach, but will not build a hotel either on the hammocks or on the beach. If other parties wish to build it is said the company will afford them every facility.

SEAMEN'S FRIEND SOCIETY.

Annual Meeting—Officers Elected—Committees Appointed.

The annual meeting of the Seamen's Friend Society was held yesterday afternoon at the Seamen's Home. The reports of officers were read and accepted, and officers were elected for the ensuing year as follows:

President—George Harriss.
Vice President—Geo. R. French.
Secretary and Treasurer—W. J. Woodward.

Trustees—Geo. Harriss, Geo. R French, F. W. Kerchner, W. P. Oldham, A. J. Whiting, J. W. Martenis, Jno. Cowan, C. W. Worth, Jos. D Smith, Clarence Maffitt, Jas McDougall, T. E. Sprunt, Jas. Sprunt, J. I. Metts, W. J. Woodward.

Executive Committee—Geo. Harriss, W. J. Woodward, Jno. Cowan, A. J. Whiting, Jas. Sprunt.

Committee on Public Worship—W. J. Woodward, James I. Metts, Clarence Maffitt.

Rent and Repairs Committee—J. W. Martenis, Jos D Smith, W. P. Oldham.

Chaplains—Dr. Carmichael and Rev. Mr. McClure.

Leader of Choir—Mrs. S. W. Westbrook.

Organist—Miss Lila Everett.

Meteorological.

The state of the weather in January compiled from observations made at the Wilmington station of the Weather Bureau, viz:

Mean barometer, 30.12; highest, 30 40, on the 5th; lowest, 29 66, on the 26th. Mean temperature, 46°; highest, 74°, on the 7th; lowest, 20°, on the 1st; greatest daily range, 34°, on the 6th; least do., 8°, on the 31st. Mean temperature for this month for 25 years, 47°; accumulated deficiency during month, 88°. Prevailing direction of wind, northeast; total movement, 6,763 miles; maximum velocity, 42 miles, southwest, on the 26th. Total precipitation, 4 80 inches; number of days on which rain fell; 14; average precipitation for this month for 25 years, 3 94; total excess during month, .88. Number of clear days, 11; cloudy, 11; partly cloudy, 9. Thunderstorm on the 25th. Mean dew point, 37°, relative humidity, 78°, vapor pressure, 238.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 5.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 6 a. m., 32°; 8 p. m 34°; maximum, 46°; minimum, 31°; mean, 38°.

Rainfall for the day .00; rainfall for the month up to date 0.98 inches.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina, generally fair, north winds.

The Hotel at Morehead.

A special dispatch to the STAR from Raleigh says the syndicate owning the Atlantic Hotel at Morehead City, yesterday leased it for the coming season to Mr. Wink Taylor, the present proprietor of the Grand Central Hotel at Columbia, S. C.

Up River News.

The water in the Cape Fear at Fayetteville is falling slowly, from a rise of 27 feet 10 inches—the extreme height of the freshet.

Capt. Skinner has the bow of the steamboat *A. P. Hurt* turned towards the river, his marine railway nearly completed, and will probably have the *Hurt* afloat in two or three days.

It is estimated that there are ten to fifteen thousand bushels of corn in the hands of farmers along the river—surplus crop—which will be shipped to Wilmington for a market.

COTTON FACTS AND FIGURES.

— Receipts here yesterday, 124 bales; same day last year, 96.

— Net receipts at the ports yesterday 28 931 bales; stock, 978 039.

New York futures closed steady and 3 points lower than closing prices Monday.

— Spot cotton dull and easy in New York at 5⅝c. for middling; firm in Wilmington at 4⅞c.

New York futures: February, 5 35; March, 5 39; April, 5.42; May 5 46; June, 5.50; July 5 54; August, 5.58; September, 5.63; October, 5.68; November, 5.73.

For many years the name of Dingelhoef has been a household word in this section of North Carolina as a centre of Fine Jewelry and Precious Stones. The house has been known as the palace jewelry store of Wilmington. Through liberality and being too generous the proprietor is pressed for ready cash, and to accomplish a desired purpose has concluded to offer the entire stock at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand. No goods will be reserved. The finest and most costly must go as well as the cheapest. Ladies are particularly invited to the auction sale, which commences Saturday, February 9th, at 2 and 7.30 p. m. Decorum will be maintained. †

STATE LEGISLATURE.

BILL TO ABOLISH CRIMINAL COURTS OF NEW HANOVER AND MECKLENBURG INTRODUCED IN THE HOUSE.

Bill for Funding Floating Debt of City of Wilmington Passed Second Reading—The Public Printing Bill Made a Special Order for To-day—Reports from Committees—Bills and Resolutions Introduced.

[*Special Star Correspondence*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 5.

SENATE.

The Senate was called to order at 11 o'clock by Mr Franks and prayer was offered by Rev T W Bobb. The journal was read and approved.

Mr McCoskry presented a petition from the W C T U of North Carolina asking for a reform school for young criminals.

Mr Candler, a petition from Swain county asking for property exemption.

Mr Westmoreland reported for the Public Printing Committee a bill which the committee had drawn providing for letting the public printing to the lowest responsible bidder. He asked that its consideration be taken up at the expiration of the morning hour.

Mr White introduced a bill in reference to adoption of books for the public schools.

Mr Dolby, a resolution to Senators and Representatives in Congress favoring issuing bonds to be redeemed in gold.

Mr Ammons, a bill to prohibit sale of liquor in two miles of California Baptist Church, in Madison county.

Mr Stephens, a bill to change the time of holding Durham court.

Mr Cook, a bill to provide that Superior Courts open Tuesday instead of Monday; also, a bill providing for working the public roads of Warren county; also, bill to authorize Clerk of Court of Durham county to appoint a guardian for the child of Mrs Mary E Lyon; also, a bill to amend the charter of the town of Warrenton.

Mr Black, a bill for the protection of fish and game.

Mr Norris, bill to incorporate the South Atlantic Life and Endowment Company of North Carolina; also, a bill to prevent the adulterating and misbranding of food and drugs.

Mr Adams, a bill to amend section 80 of the Code; also, a bill to incorporate the Sanford, Lillington and Eastern Railroad.

Mr Fortune, bill to amend the Laws of 1893, regulating the liquor traffic at Shelby.

Mr Grant, bill to enlarge the stock law territory in Wayne county.

Mr Westmoreland asked that the public printing bill be now taken up.

Mr Abell moved that it be made the special order for to-morrow at 12 o'clock The motion prevailed and the bill was ordered printed.

Bill allowing certain counties to levy a special tax of fifteen cents on the $1 00 worth of property and forty five cents on the poll, and to employ twenty-five convicts on the public roads was taken up, and Mr Fowler spoke in opposition to it. Mr Hoover spoke in favor of the bill and Mr Moody made a strong argument in favor of it and offered an amendment that women convicts shall not work on the public roads

Mr Moody ploughed over the same ground as did Mr Lusk in the House yesterday on a similar bill, relating the incident of the whipping of a woman convict in Buncombe county last Summer. He exhibited a cartoon, which he declared to be an exact picture of the scene. He said the law should be framed so as to make such things impossible. He denounced the Democratic county government system and declared that Hades was too good for a man who favored such a system.

Mr Adams met Mr Moody on his own ground and declared that if what he said about the case in Buncombe county was true the courts were open for redress, and he reminded Mr Moody of the disgraceful scenes when the Republican party was in power in the State and when they placed white women and children under the domination of negroes. He completely parried Mr Moody's thrust at the Democratic party and delivered a heavy blow at the Republican party which had its effect. He said, however, that he favored the amendment, as he had never favored working women on the roads, but he opposed the bill in its present shape.

After some further remarks Mr Dowd, of Mecklenburg, took the floor and made an eloquent reply to Mr Moody. He said the occurrence referred to was not brought about by the Democratic county government system. It was a violation of the law and ought to have been prosecuted in the courts, and he declared that Senator Moody should have bestirred himself to see that it was prosecuted.

Mr Dowd's speech was a strong effort and made a powerful impression upon the Senate.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House met at 11 o'clock, the Speaker in the Chair. Prayer by Rev. Mr. Woodard of the House.

PETITIONS AND MEMORIALS.

Mr Cheek, petition of citizens of Orange county to abolish the County Board of Education.

Mr Bateman, petition of citizens of Washington county to clear out Scuppernong river.

Mr Hooker, petition of citizens of Beaufort county against the new county of Richland.

Mr Luck, memorial of operatives in cotton factories to regulate hours of labor in factories, &c.

The chair laid before the House depositions in the case of Parker against Peebles from Northampton.

REPORTS FROM STANDING COMMITTEES.

Bill to repeal chapter 57, Laws of 1893, in regard to the stock law in New Hanover county. Favorable.

Bill to incorporate the Salisbury Trust and Loan Company. Favorable.

Bill to incorporate the Carolina Military institute. Favorable,

Bill to incorporate the Rock Springs Camp Grounds. Favorable.

Bill to incorporate New Light Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons. Favorable.

Bill to amend the charter of the Wilmington & Southern Railroad Company. Favorable.

Bill to increase tax in Charlotte for the benefit of the public schools. Favorable.

Bill to amend chapter 198, Laws of 1889, in relation to pensions. Favorable.

Bill for the relief of W. W. Watson, Clerk of the Court of Craven county. Re-referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Bill (substitute) to permit the shipment of game from the State. Favorable.

Bill to repeal chapter 320, Laws of 1893. Relates to stock law in Pamlico county. Favorable as amended.

Bill to repeal section 2873 of the Code. Relates to officers of the Legislature. Without prejudice.

Report of Chief Clerk of House Committee recommended reduction of pages.

Bill to provide for registration of deeds, mortgages and deeds of trusts. Favorable.

Bill to regulate employment of labor in workshops and mines. Unfavorable.

Bill to repeal section 1360 of the Code. Favorable.

Bill to validate certain sales by trustees and mortgagees, and acts of attorneys. Favorable.

Bill to amend section 1360 of the Code. Favorable.

Bill to regulate the issuance of evidences of debt. Re-referred to Judiciary.

Bill to include horses and mules in the operation of section 1799 of the Code. Favorable.

Bill for relief of A H Ellmore, marshal of Bryson City. Favorable.

Bill to establish a new township in Macon county. Without prejudice.

RESOLUTIONS AND BILLS.

Mr Cheek (by request), resolution to reduce salaries and fees.

Mr Hawes, of Gaston, resolution to request our Senators and Representatives in Congress to defeat any legislation providing for the issuing of bonds redeemable in gold.

Mr Hopkins (by request), resolution to reimburse the sub committee of the House who visited Morganton asylum.

Mr Alexander, of Tyrrell, bill to amend chapter 283, Laws of 1881.

Mr Keithly, bill to amend chapter 369 Laws of 1869, relating to sale of liquor in Duplin county.

Mr Lusk, bill to amend section 2118 of the Code. Relates to widows' allowance.

Mr Ray, bill to repeal all laws allowing Buncombe county to work convicts of other counties.

Mr Monroe, bill to amend chapter 50 of the Code.

Mr Buchanan, bill to amend section 2931 of the Code. Relates to game.

Mr Smith, of Caswell, bill for the relief of Mary Mayes, of Caswell county.

[*Special Star Telegram*]

Other important bills introduced in the House were as follows:

By Mr McClammy, bill to abolish the Criminal Court in New Hanover and Mecklenburg counties.

By Mr Winborne, bill to amend and enforce the anti-Trust bill of the State.

By Mr Bagwell, bill in regard to free tuition at the University.

A bill passed third reading to incorporate the Carolina Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Charlotte.

Bill providing for funding the floating debt of the City of Wilmington, passed second reading.

The Senate passed the bill providing for a tax levy and working convicts on public roads, with amendments, and then adjourned.

City Court.

In the City Court yesterday Ed. Wilson was fined $5 00, with the privilege of ten days work on the streets to wipe out the score.

Jos. Smith was charged with shooting a dog within the city limits, but on a plea of self-defence was acquitted.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Wilmington Postoffice February 5, 1895:

WOMEN'S LIST.

B—Mrs M C Bradford. C—Mrs Ella Carter. E—Mrs Beulah B Ennett. G—Mrs Martha Gardner, Silvany Griffin. H—Mrs H H Hanby. J—Nora S Jones, Miss Marie James, Miss Jennie [illegible] M—Mrs Laura A Marshall, [illegible] Etta Nichols. P—Mrs W H Pickett. S—Mrs Mariah Smith, S Selina Sharpless. T—Miss Hettie Turner, Mrs Elizaretta Todd.

MEN'S LIST.

A—Monroe Alston. B—Carlo Boschetti, Mr Alfred Benton N Boon. C—C G Cullom, D—J A Duo. G—E L Gould (2), J B Grady. H—Geo Harrison, H Hall, Sam Hollinsworth, William Henry Hill, J—A W Jones, Harry B Jackson, J L Jones, Mr Johnson, Wayman Johnson, Wiley Johnson. L—Abbott Leslie, S Lewis. M—C F Millard, Capt H M Millner, James Moss, John Morgan. N—M Samuel New. P—Charles L Porter, Geo Pickett (3), R A Patterson. S—James Sergeant, J H Strickland, John Lyscomb, C J Ward, Ed Ward.

RETURNED FROM DEAD-LETTER OFFICE

Cora W Hargrove, R S Pierce.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in 15 days, they will be sent to the dead letter office.

GEO. L. MORTON, Postmaster.

CORRECTION.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 5, 1895.

W. H. Bernard, Esq., Editor of Star:

DEAR SIR:—In the report of the proceedings of the Board of Aldermen, in your paper of this date, in seconding Alderman Harriss' motion "to allow the Mayor and the chairman of the Board of Audit and Finance $100 each for expenses incurred by them in defending the suit that was brought against them," I am reported as saying that Mayor Fishblate and the chairman of the Board of Audit and Finance saved the money by taking it out of the Bank of New Hanover; this is a mistake, I did not say so, as I was under the impression, and still have it, that it was a different fund that was used. I did say that these gentlemen, in using this fund, had acted, I believe, from the very best motives and for the best interests of the city (saving the city's credit at the time and a considerable amount in the way of interest;) that they were indicted for what could have been only a technical violation of law and were acquitted; that they could not in any way have been benefitted personally by this action, and that I would cheerfully vote for the resolution.

Will you kindly give this a place in your paper and oblige.

Yours,
ROGER MOORE.

A Novel for Four Cents.

For four to five cents each you can get novels by Charles Reade, A. Conan Doyle, Rider Haggard, Miss Mulock, Miss Braddon, Wilkie Collins, Robert L. Stevenson, Alex. Dumas, Mrs. Henry Wood, Mrs. Southworth, Emerson Bennett, Nathaniel Hawthorne, W. M. Thackeray, Charles Dickens, Captain Marryat, Jules Verne and many others. These books can be obtained through the STAR. Read announcement in another column.

Davis & Zoeller offer for the next two weeks, beginning with to day, all seasonable Dry Goods at actual cost in preference to carrying them over for another season. No room for "old stock." Behold all things are new! They prefer selling now at a loss than to sustain the same loss a year hence. †

DIED.

CRAFT—At midnight of the 4th inst., NORWOOD, only son of William and Jennie C. Craft, aged one year and 11 months.

Interment at Oakdale Cemetery on 5th inst.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.

FRIDAY EVENING, FEB'Y 8TH.

A Pot Pourri of Fancy me, Comedy and Tableaux will be presented in brilliant costumes, attractive amusement, for charitable purposes. Admission 50 cents; reserved seats $1; children 25c. No extra for reserved seats. Box sheet at C. W. Yates' Wednesday. feb 5 2t

House and Lot at Auction.

ON THURSDAY NEXT, 7TH INST., AT 12 o'clock M., we will sell at our office 120 Princess street, a frame Dwelling containing four Rooms, situated upon the north side of Wright street, next to the corner of Front street. Size of Lot 33x165 feet. We refer to the premises. For terms and particulars, apply to CROSLY & MORRIS,
feb 5 3t Auctioneers.

At Public Auction!

At Public Auction!

The Entire Stock
—OF—
M. J. Dingelhoef,
CONSISTING OF
Diamonds,
Gold Watches.
Silver Watches,
GOLD CHAINS,
SWINGING PITCHERS,
Fruit Stands,
Butter and Sugar Dishes,
Gold-headed Canes,
Siver-headed Canes,
Congo Crooked Canes,
And all other Articles.
Everything will be Sold
POSITIVELY
TO THE
Highest Bidder!

SALE TO COMMENCE
Feb. 9, 2.30 & 7.30 P.M.
And from day to day until everything is sold.
feb 6 2w

Bicycles.

Stearn's Model A just received by express. Call in and look at it, only $100.

Ladies' Crescent, 24 lb., for $50. We keep on hand Tires, Cement, Bells, Pumps, Lanterns and Bicycle Sundries.

For sale at
HEINSBERGER'S.
feb 6 tf

Damp Weather

Suggests warm Clothing for the body. Wet feet make sickness. We have Rubber Shoes of every style.

Also the best line of Shoes in the State. Our $2 50 Gent's Hand Welts are superb. Cost you $3.50 anywhere else. Call and see us.

Geo. R. French & Sons.
108 North Front St.,
Jan 29 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

THIS WEEK

We will give some special prices in our
Clothing Department.

A splendid Black Clay Worsted Suit, all-wool, in Square and Round Cuts and Frocks at $10, a regular $15.00 suit.

A splendid Business Suit for $5.98; Suits from odd lots, worth $8 00 to $ 0 00.

All-wool Blue Flannel Suit, color guaranteed, for $10 worth $ 5.

Our entire stock of Overcoats will sell at cost. Several $15 Overcoats to close at $8 50.

Men's odd pants at all prices. Working Pants 50c to $1 50. Our $3 and $7 Pants for $3.75.

Few odd lots in Children Suits $1.35, $1.85 and $2.45.

Boys' Knee Pants 25c to $1.00.

Men's and Boys' Sweaters in great variety at 25c and up.

Full stock of Men's and Boys' Soft and Stiff

HATS.

A splendid Crush Hat for 25c.
Men's Alpine Hat 50c.
Men's and Boys' Blue Yacht Caps 25c.
Pure line Neckwear just received.
Twenty five per cent off on Underwear.
Rugs—45, 65 and 85c. Few Hair Rugs to close at cost.
60c Carpet at 42½c.
Floor Oil Cloth, 0 4, 5 4, 6-4 and 8-4, at 25c and upwards.
Table Oil Cloth, best grade, at 18c.
Many other bargains at

J. H. REHDER & CO.
Fourth Street Bridge.
Car fare paid on all purchases over $2.00. Phone 118. feb 3 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 15 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month $10 00; two months, $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $70 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line first insertion, and 10 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to position desired.

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements [illegible] inserted for each insertion.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING FEB. 6, 1895

CHEAP MONEY

When the advocates of an expanded currency demand an increase of the volume to meet the demands of business they are met with the scare crow "cheap money," but the men who are so much afraid of cheap money are the money manipulators who want dear money and want to keep it dear. They are the men who live by lending money, whose chief occupations are planning to making it dearer, drawing interest and clipping coupons.

There is no such thing as "cheap money," never was and never will be unless the money becomes worthless or approximates worthlessness, and then it will cease to that extent to be money for it will lose the functions of money. We are furnished with illustrations sometimes of what they call cheap money by citing some of the revolutionary South American and Central American States as examples of cheap money, when they might as well go all the way over to Africa and institute a comparison between the shell money of the naked savages and our money, based on the credit of the greatest nation on the face of the earth, with its sixty-five millions of progressive, spirited, country-proud people.

Money can never become cheap while there is use for it, and when there is more than there is reasonable use for it will be very soon retired by common consent as unprofitable not only to the lender, but to the borrower. There is seldom a time in this country, even in the sections where money is the most plentiful, when it will not ordinarily command six per cent., while in most sections it will command more than this, and in some much more. And yet the men who hold up their hands in horror at the possibility of "cheap" money say we have money enough.

We have a *per capita* circulation of about $25. France has a *per capita* circulation of about $50. Is money "cheap" (in the sense the phrase is used) in France? If France wanted a loan of $100,000,000 she would not be consulting the agents of foreign money-lenders, as our Government is now doing, for her own people would take every dollar of it inside of twenty-four hours, and ask for more. Why is this? Because the French people have confidence in France, and instead of imperilling her credit by speculating on her necessities they stand together to maintain her credit and keep every dollar of hers on a par with every other dollar. Is it so with us?

By some of the most stupid legislation that was ever enacted it was provided on the resumption of specie payments that the Treasury should keep on hand a gold reserve to redeem the outstanding notes of the Government, one hundred millions, which could be raised only by borrowing, to redeem several hundred millions of notes which by law were to go back into circulation again. Here was the chance to speculate upon the Government, by forcing it to part with its gold reserve, and go upon the market to borrow more. The very men who were the most interested in maintaining the credit of the Government and keeping its Treasury in an easy condition, because they had the most at stake if the national credit should become impaired, were the first to press it to the wall and pounce upon the reserve which was intended to be kept as evidence of both its willingness and ability to meet its obligations. They raid the Treasury, reduce it to straits and force it to the alternative of confessing its inability to redeem its notes in gold, or to go upon the market as a gold borrower. But these are the men who are prating about too much money and "cheap" money.

They mean by "cheap" money, money that is easily gotten for labor or for the products of labor, or for a low rate of interest. That's the kind of money that they predict would bring calamity upon the country, when as a matter of fact it would be a blessing.

Why are there so many idle men in this country to day? Because the money is controlled by a comparatively small number of men and they demand rates of interest for it which but few can afford to pay, and collaterals that but few can give. The borrower of large sums must go to the money centers to get it, and then he must put down gilt edge collateral and he must be ready to pay the interest in gold, if demanded, which it frequently is. Thus industry is clogged, development retarded, and thousands upon thousands of men are kept idle, who would find employment if capital could be readily secured at low rates of interest to start the industries which would give them employment.

What is keeping the South back to-day? Don't we hear every day the cry for "more capital," repeated again and again until it has become almost a bore to the ear? Are we not constantly inviting capital to come, and giving it assurance of welcome if it does come? And are not these gentlemen who are afraid of cheap money constantly reminding us that if we do not sing low on the money question and cease demanding the free coinage of silver, State banks, etc., that capital will get alarmed and not come and thus punish us for demanding more? Are there not propositions pending now in some of the Southern States to exempt manufactories from taxation for a period of years as an inducement to capital to come? Yet according to those who fear "cheap" money there is money enough.

There is not money enough for two reasons. One is that the money there is is controlled by combinations of bankers who manipulate the volume and prevent its equable distribution; and the other is because there isn't enough anyway to meet the demands of a growing, progressive and enterprising country like this, which could use three dollars and advantagiously use it, for every one it now has. The man is not living who will see "cheap money" in the sense in which it is generally used by those who howl against it.

MINOR MENTION.

An occasional brush between members of Congress is to be expected, for the air in the chambers is not always the best, and the brands of stimulants sold in Washington are not always the best, but when personal encounters become a matter of daily occurrence it is rather crowding the thing. Congress is presumably an honorable and, in the estimation of unsophisticated people, a dignified body, but this depends altogether on whether anything happens to knock the stilts of dignity from under it. We have had numerous scenes in both branches this session in which gentlemen exchanged very uncomplimentary remarks, and were with difficulty restrained from getting into each other's locks. A couple days ago Messrs. Breckinridge and Hen[illegible] hurled insulting epithets at each other and if it hadn't been for the interference of those around them would have supplemented these with a rough and tumble exhibition on the floor. After it was all over and they cooled under the collars they apologized to the House, the apologies were accepted, the incident ordered not to go into the *Record*, and they shook hands. Monday Messrs. Hatch and Hall, of Missouri, had an angry clash, but no blows, while in the Senate another altercation between Senators Butler and Chandler was cut short by the adjournment of the Senate. And thus our dignified national law-makers are making reputation for their respective bodies.

* *

Under the rule adopted by the House of Representatives three days will be given to the consideration of the Springer bond bill when it will be voted upon. This is disposing of a question of this magnitude with considerable dispatch, but as there isn't the slightest probability that this bill will pass the Senate the House need not waste much time in discussing it, although time is not at a premium in that body. If the rules of the Senate did not put it in the power of the minority, no matter how small, to hang up a measure indefinitely this bill might pass the Senate, for there are Democrats and Republicans enough who would vote for it to pass it, but a majority of the Democrats in the Senate are opposed to it and all the Populists are, which foredooms it to defeat even without resorting to dilatory tactics. It is noticeable that in all these discussions on the issue of bonds the Democrats who favored it were from the Middle and Eastern States, while the Democratic Senators from the South and West were almost solid against it, showing that it is not regarded so much a party as a sectional measure, the Middle and the East vs. the South and the West—the one struggling to keep down the volume of currency and to run it on a gold basis, the other to expand it and it and run it on the bi metallic basis. In other words it is the fight between silver and gold.

* *

If the duties on imports were required to be paid in gold this Government would have no difficulty in meeting its obligations in gold and we would not now be confronted with the necessity of issuing bonds to raise gold to keep up the reserve. In the five years including 1890 and 1894 the receipts of customs at all ports of the United States amounted to $958,624,118, but a small fraction of which was paid in gold. All the men who export and many of those who import are foreigners who contribute not one cent to the support of this Government. The importers are required to pay for the foreign goods they buy in gold, which accounts for the exporting of so much gold, but they can pay the duties in any kind of legal tender money they see fit. The consequence is that the duties are paid in Government promises to pay, &c., and in the meantime the Treasury is depleted of gold to enable them to ship it to the foreigners from whom they buy goods. When the Government has it within its power to supply the Treasury with gold without adding a feather's weight to the burdens of the people, doesn't it seem like the sheerest folly to refuse to do it, but to continue borrowing gold and paying interest on it?

CURRENT COMMENT.

——If we could inject a little more patriotism and real statesman-ship into Congress, and eradicate some of the peanut politics and buncombe out of it, the country would be better served and better satisfied.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—— With wheat, corn and pork on the decline and away below the prices that ruled the day prior to the November elections, the Republican editor in these days howls mighty low about the beneficent effects of a Republican victory in this country.—*Mobile Register, Dem.*

—— In his recent message the President called attention to the fact that since the second bond issue on the 22d of November, over $68,000,000 of gold had been drawn out of the Treasury. During December and January, up to last Saturday, something over $28,000,000 of gold had been exported. What became of the other $40 000,000? It is not necessary to look at the bank reports to know that it has been hoarded.—*Louisville Courier Journal, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Charlotte *News:* Mr. John G. Bryce died this afternoon at 3 o'clock, after an illness of about three months. Her condition had been very serious for days past, yet her friends had hoped even against hope.

— Raleigh *News and Observer:* The Raleigh Cotton Mills is going to increase its capital and double its capacity. Yesterday one man subscribed to $5,000 worth of the proposed increase of capital, and others are subscribing.

— Scotland Neck *Democrat:* A business man and farmer in conversation with the *Democrat* a few days ago, said that the cotton acreage here will undoubtedly be reduced 25 per cent. this year. This will be made up in the increase of acreage in peanuts and tobacco.

— Jonesboro *Progress:* Mr. S. H. Godfrey, son of Mr. John Godfrey, died yesterday two miles east of Jonsboro, aged 23 years. —— Mr. David Hawley, who lived fifteen mites southeast of Jonesboro, died of consumption near the Jonesboro Cotton Mills, last Wednesday. She was about fifty years of age.

— Tarboro *Southerner:* Mr. Jos. Ruffin, of this county, on fifty acres of land with three horses, made fifty-three bales of cotton, 250 barrels of corn, 350 bushels of potatoes, 300 bushels of peanuts and enough land seed to last his teams eighteen months. In addition to that he has killed 6,000 pounds of pork, and consequently has enough hog and hominy and to spare.

— Weldon *News:* Mr. Elisha P. Green, Sr., one of the oldest inhabitants of this county, died at his home near hear last Saturday night. The deceased was about ninety years of age —— Mr. Bug Garris a son of the late J. D. Garris of Garysburg was killed in West Norfolk, last Monday, by an Atlantic & Danville railroad train. Mr. Garris was caught between the cars and was crushed to death.

— Morganton *Herald:* Mr. Ernst Busch, the State Hospital gardener, shipped from Morganton to Belgium on last Friday 5 000 tube rose bulbs for which he had an order from a florist. Mr. Busch has orders from Germany for 50 000 of the bulbs, to be delivered next winter, and believes that he can increase the business indefinitely. Mr. Busch is the Vice-President of the State Florists' Association, that is doing much to awaken interest in floriculture in the Old North State. He says the tube roses grown on the hospital farm are as fine as can be grown in the world.

— Professor—Suppose you should drink a glass of water and a glass of whiskey, what——

Student—I beg your pardon sir, you have reversed the order.—*Detroit Free Press.*

PALPITATION OF THE HEART.

Shortness of Breath, Swelling of Legs and Feet.

"For about four years I was troubled with palpitation of the heart, shortness of breath and swelling of the legs and feet. At times I would faint. I was treated by the best physicians in Savannah, Ga., with no relief. I then tried various Springs, without benefit. Finally I tried

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

also his Nerve and Liver Pills. *After beginning to take them I felt better!* I continued taking them and I am now in better health than for many years. Since my recovery I have gained fifty pounds in weight. I hope this statement may be of value to some poor sufferer."

E. B. SUTTON, Ways Station, Ga.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1. 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters 25c. at all druggists. Sold by all druggists. june 18 1y D&W fri su wed

THE LISTENER.

Mr. Henry Irving has been made a LL. D. by Trinity college, Dublin.

John Bartlett, famous as the compiler of "Familiar Quotations," is a resident of Cambridge and is 74 years old.

Professor Leyden, the famous German physician who was called to attend the dying emperor of Russia, received $50,000 for his fee.

Professor Trelear, congressman elect from Missouri, is a fine amateur singer and once impersonated Captain Corcoran in "Pinafore."

Senator Wolcott of Colorado and Representative Clark of Missouri are men of one kidney, each having had one of those organs removed.

The Hon. Azariah Shelton, member of the Tennessee legislature, is almost an exact facial reproduction of Senator Peffer, whiskers and all.

Isaac Bassett, assistant doorkeeper of the senate, has been in the employ of the government 68 years. He was appointed a page in the senate by Daniel Webster.

Wilford Woodruff, president of the Mormon church, has for years cultivated a farm of 40 acres with no other labor than that of his own hands and those of his family.

Uncle Harry Dow of Randolph, Me., is 93 years old, but to show his younger friends that "there is life in the old dog yet" he recently drove a trotting horse to a sulky in 2:33 without making a break.

General Lee's grandson, Robert E. Lee, lives on his father's estate in Fairfax county, Va., but goes to Washington every day to practice law. Mr. Lee is about 6 feet 5 inches in height and weighs over 200 pounds.

D. W. Caldwell, the new president of the Lake Shore road, is one of the best entertainers in Cleveland, where he has a handsome residence. He began his career over 40 years ago as a clerk on the Pennsylvania system.

Henri Rochefort has an income of about $30,000 a year, and though he lives with great simplicity in London he is never able to save any money, owing to his generosity. He is always ready to help those who deserve it.

Senator Sherman has lost the austerity of demeanor reputed to him when he was a younger man. Age has apparently mellowed his temperament. He has become an inveterate pedestrian and is regarded as a delightful host.

General Nelson A. Miles has conducted every campaign against the Indians in the last 14 years. He is described as being quick, decisive and a stern disciplinarian, but courteous and gallant withal. He was born in Massachusetts 55 years ago.

Secretary Carlisle is aging rapidly. He looks haggard and carworn, and as he walks along his steps seem to drag. He has little vitality in his movements, and to look at him it would be hard to imagine him delivering one of his old time speeches.

One of the oldest members of the Paupl lodge, No. 85, A. O. O. F., is George Pople of Flushing. He has been a member of the order 50 years continuously. His fellow members have presented him with a beautiful jewel as a reward for his faithful service.

SIR JOHN THOMPSON.

He was a man of excellent ability.—Baltimore American.

Canada will find it hard to fill the place Sir John Thompson held in her politics.—Boston Globe.

The death of Sir John Thompson, the Canadian premier, removes from the stage of public life a faithful, thoughtful and safe counsellor of Canadian loyalty to the English crown.—St. Paul Dispatch.

Although wanting the early training which is sometimes thought needed to thoroughly equip a public man, Sir John, by the force of natural ability, made his way to the front and gained an enviable prominence in Canada in competition with men whose opportunities in early life were far superior to his.—Boston Herald.

By the sudden death of Sir John Thompson, prime minister of Canada, the people of the Dominion have lost their most representative statesman and a redoubtable champion of Canadian interests. In the fisheries dispute and in the Bering sea question Sir John proved himself to be by far the best informed and the most persistent antagonist of the United States.—Philadelphia Record.

FIN, FEATHER AND FUR.

The average weight of a lion is 500 pounds.

Crows never enter a cornfield without posting a sentinel on the outside.

The smallest known insect is the Pleratomus putnamii, which is only one-ninetenth of an inch in length.

Remains of the orohippers, an extinct species of horse found in the Bad Lands, prove that it had five toes and was not larger than a goat.

A singular thing in connection with the swordfish is that little or nothing is known of its breeding habits. The young are curious creatures, with enormous eyes, and the bills, upper and lower, of equal length.

The mocking bird seems to have a genuine sense of humor. Often when engaged in the most charming imitation of some song bird it will suddenly stop and break out with the quacking of a duck or some other ludicrous sound.

THE PRIZE RING.

Prize fighting is becoming as dangerous a sport as football playing.—Buffalo Express.

The popularity of football has apparently stimulated the pugilists to put a little more brutality into the prize ring.—Kansas City Journal.

If many more men are killed in the ring, prize fighting will get to have as bad a reputation for brutality as football pretty soon.—Boston Globe.

The prizefighters seem anxious to put a stop to their brutal business by killing one another off. Well, their plan has its merits.—New York Tribune.

CURIOUS CULLINGS.

In Melbourne there is a barber named Taylor whose next door neighbor is a tailor named Shave.

In Siam, when a funeral is passing, the women take down their hair and unfasten their beads, and the men fumble around in their pockets for a little piece of metal to hold between their teeth.

When a member of the royal family of Korea dies, every grown male in the country has to wear a white hat for three years. If he wears any other kind, it is gently taken off with his head in it.

A ROYAL FLUSH.

Prince Adolphus of Teck has been made a serene highness.

Queen Victoria, who was once a skillful archer, is now dean of one of the oldest gullds of bowmen in Europe.

The newly married czarina speaks and writes German, English, French and Italian fluently and Russian tolerably well.

The queen of Sweden, who has always taken an interest in Swedish hospitals, has had the first experiments made in Sweden with the new cure for diphtheria.

The emperor of China knows how to distribute his favors. When some great man whom he particularly desires to honor goes to the bad, he receives a present of a silken cord, with a request that he strangle himself with it, and the hint is always taken.

Johnson's Oriental Soap is far superior to all the other so called medicinal soaps for beautifying the complexion. J H. HARDIN. J. HICKS BUNTING

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only Fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

Throat Sore?

Better check it at once. There's no telling what a sore throat will do if you give it right of way. Uncertain remedies often cause dangerous delay. You had better make the cure sure with

Pain-Killer

Known for half a century as a specific for sore throat, croup, coughs and all kindred troubles. Keep it by you for an emergency. It never fails. Sold everywhere. The quantity has been doubled, but the price remains the same.

Perry Davis & Son, Providence, R. I.

jan 9 tf we fri sat

THE TATTLER.

Miss Susan B. Anthony is said to be one of the best breadmakers in the United States.

Mrs. Stearns of Boston, who is 95 years old, cast her vote for school committee at the last election.

Mrs. Willie Jay, one of the leaders of New York society, is quite tall, very handsome and always vivacious.

Miss Annie G. Audubon, a direct descendant of John Audubon, the naturalist, is a teacher in a New York city public school.

Margaret Deland, wife of L. F. Deland, the football strategist, began by an aversion to football, but is now one of its most enthusiastic and discriminating spectators.

Mrs. James G. Blaine, who spent the summer and fall at the Augusta homestead, has gone to Washington, where she says she will spend the remainder of the winter.

Mrs. Thurlow Weed Barnes is a great beauty. When a girl, she lived in New Orleans, and upon one occasion she was elected queen of beauty of the Mardi Gras festival.

One of the gayest and earliest balls of the Paris season was given by the matriarch of the American colony, Mrs. Walden Pell, in celebration of her eighty-fourth birthday.

Mrs. Bettini, or Mme. Bettini, as she is usually called in New York, is very much prettier than one would suppose who had only seen Mr. Reid's portrait of her, which is best described as a "symphony in violet."

Mrs. Jefferson Davis has just obtained possession of her deceased husband's memoirs as a result of a suit with publishers and hopes to soon secure the sheets and plates of his "Short History of the Confederacy."

Miss Frances Willard says that she is not proud of the talk indulged in by some members of the Woman's Christian Temperance union anent the christening of our great men-of-war and merchant vessels with champagne.

Miss Smallwood, a young colored woman who has succeeded in working her way through a two years' course in the Buffalo kindergarten, is raising the money to start a kindergarten for negro children in connection with the Haines school in Augusta, Ga.

Mrs. Massenberg, president of the Pioneer club, London's "new woman" organization, is a blue ribboner and has forbidden alcohol in any of its alluring forms, but there is in the handsome clubhouse a finely appointed smoking room that is said to be enjoyed by most of the Pioneers.

Mrs. Levi P. Morton has the happy knack of stamping her charming personality upon all of her gowns, and instead of her apparel becoming a dominant chord it is a perfectly harmonious accompaniment. Her daughter, Miss Edith, seems to have inherited the same touch, and her gowns always seem a part of the wearer.

THOUGHTS OF A QUEEN.

"A woman's virtue ought indeed to be great, since it has so often to suffice for two."

"At a wedding men laugh and women weep."

"Man studies woman as he does the barometer, but he does not understand her till the day after."

Then she suddenly veers round and shoots barbed arrows at those to whom she was extending scornful pity a moment before.

"A woman will often utter a daring opinion, but she recoils in terror if she is taken at her word."

"Women who meddle with politics are domestic fowls, who make themselves vultures."

No queen has ever perhaps so rightly earned the title of mother of her people, nor for 20 years and more has had the right to bear that title so universally conceded, yet she says bitterly:

"To every mortal is granted a tongue, and even a pen, to defend himself. Sovereigns alone are expected to be like God, who allows himself to be slandered without replying."

"The multitude is like the sea. It either bears you up or swallows you, according to the wind."—Carmen Sylva.

KANSAS PHILOSOPHY.

The less a man talks the more time he has to think.

Abuse a man unjustly, and you will make friends for him.

No man's dearest friend talks about him behind his back in a way that is entirely satisfactory.

The many occupations that are opened to woman will make it more difficult for a worthless man to get a wife.

The man who uses a falsehood for policy, like the woman who powders, soon gets into the habit of putting on too much.

A man who never goes home except when there is no other place to go to poses as a martyr when he happens to find his wife out.—Atchison Globe.

LI HUNG CHANG.

For a plutocrat Li Hung Chang appears to be experiencing a hard winter.—Washington Post.

Li Hung Chang reports to the Peking government that he is unable to check the advance of the Japanese. Li is rather slow about bringing in the news, but there can be no doubt that it is correct.—Boston Transcript.

Li Hung Chang is credited with having made a "secret" report to the Peking government, wherein he has confessed his inability to check the advance of the Japanese armies. Why the viceroy should have maintained secrecy concerning a fact which has become obvious to the whole world is a veritable Chinese puzzle.—Philadelphia Record.

GASTRIC JUICE.

Turkey salad is held by some to be more palatable than ordinary chicken.

Stuffing roast quail, roasted whole, with rice and raisins, is a new wrinkle.

Vast quantities of prime venison are annually ruined by ignorant cooking of it.

Partridge without bread sauce is akin to sleighing without any bells on the horse.

People who cut lettuce with a knife will crack nuts with their teeth at dinner.

Triangular cut sandwiches of close baked bread are the thing at afternoon teas.

DUKE CIGARETTES

MADE FROM High Grade Tobacco AND ABSOLUTELY PURE

dec 14 tf fr su we W 9p

PENCIL SHARPENERS.

Alexandre Dumas has been asked to send his bust to Berlin, to be placed in the foyer of the Residenz theater, and has promised to do so.

Amelie Rives-Chanler, in a recent book, makes her hero's heart give "a hot leap along his breast to his throat, leaving a fiery track behind it, as of sparks."

The venerable author, Richard Malcolm Johnston of Baltimore, was as cheery and breezy as ever a few days ago, when he celebrated with his wife their golden wedding.

Kipling, Barrie, Jerome, Howells, Stockton, Stedman, Mark Twain, Bret Harte, Boyesen, Saltus, are none of them above medium height, and several of them are actually diminutive.

Maupassant, it appears, is already forgotten in France. His books, they say, are scarcely asked for in the Paris booksellers' shops, and money for a memorial for him cannot be raised.

Canon Bowles, among other eccentricities, was absentminded. On one occasion he gave a Bible to a young woman in the village and wrote on the fly leaf, "From the author." He had been in the habit of giving copies of his poems with this inscription.

GLEANINGS.

Holland is the only country in Europe that admits coffee free of duty.

The north end of Boston is said to be worse than Whitechapel, London.

Only one out of every 1,000 married couples live to celebrate their golden wedding.

The Mint Register says that there were 19,570 silver dollars coined in 1804. They are now worth $1,000 each.

The first English dictionary contained only nouns and verbs, the nouns in one column and the verbs in another.

Japanese workmen bathe the whole body once a day, and some of them twice. Public baths are provided on every street.

It is calculated that in 1965 the wealth of the Rothschilds will have increased from $2,000,000,000 to $60,000,000,000.

There is a symbolic significance in the watch chain ornament formed of two boar's tusks bound together in crescent shape with a piece of gold or silver. This or any other figure of two prongs—a horseshoe, for instance, or a pair of open shears—is believed to keep off witches.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesa Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2 lb Jute	@	6
Standard	7½@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams, ₩ lb	13½@	14
Sides, ₩ lb	8½@	10 1
Shoulders, ₩ lb	@	8½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides, ₩ lb	6½@	7
Shoulders, ₩ lb	6½@	
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 00 @	1 15
New New York, each	1 35 @	1 40
New City, each	@	1 40
BEESWAX, ₩ lb	@	30
BRICKS—		
Wilmington, ₩ M	5 50 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	11 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15 @	25
Northern	23 @	26
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	@	55
Virginia Meal	55 @	57½
COTTON TIES— ₩ bundle	@	70
CANDLES— ₩ lb—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	9 @	10
CHEESE— ₩ lb—		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy, Cream	11 @	12
State	@	10
COFFEE— ₩ lb	27 @	28
Laguyra	20 @	23
Rio	15 @	19
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	6	6½
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18 @	20
EGGS— ₩ dozen	13½@	14
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ half-barrel	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25 @	3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel	@	5 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg	3 50 @	4 00
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5 @	10
FLOUR— ₩ barrel—		
Low grade	2 50 @	3 50
" Extra	2 75 @	4 25
" Straight	3 25 @	
Second Patent	3 50 @	
First Patent	4 25 @	4 50
City Mills—Super	@	2 50
" Family	3 25 @	
GLUE— ₩ lb—	7½@	10
GRAIN— ₩ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	55@	55
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	55@	55
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	55@	55
Corn, mixed, from store	@	60
Oats, from store	@	45
Oats, Rust Proof	@	55
Cow Peas	@	60
HIDES, ₩ lb—		
Green	@	4
Dry	@	8½
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—		
Eastern	@	1 00
Western	@	90
North River	@	90
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2 @	2½
LARD, ₩ lb—		
Northern	6½@	90
North Carolina	6½@	9
LIME, ₩ barrel		1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ₩ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	@	26
" " in bbls	@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds	25 @	27½
" " in bbls	@	27
Sugar-House, in hhds	@	14
" in bbls	@	16
Syrup, in bbls	25 @	45
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis	@	1 75
OILS, ₩ gallon—		
Kerosene	10 @	14
Lard	@	63
Linseed	75 @	80
Rosin	15 @	18
Tar	@	30
Deck and Spar	@	25
POULTRY—		
Chickens, Live, grown	17½@	22½
" Spring	10 @	20
Turkeys	60 @	1 00
PEANUTS, ₩ bushel 28 lbs	35 @	50
POTATOES, ₩ bushel—		
Sweet	30 @	45
Irish, ₩ barrel	2 50 @	3 00
PORK, ₩ barrel—		
City Mess	@	13 50
Rump	@	13 00
Prime	@	13 00
RICE—Carolina, ₩ lb	4 @	5
Rough—₩ bushel (Upland)	60 @	70
" (Lowland)	1 00 @	1 15½
RAGS, ₩ lb—Country	@	1½
Cuts	@	1
ROPE, ₩ lb	10 @	22
SALT, ₩ sack—Alum	@	75
Liverpool	@	65
Lisbon	@	
American	@	65
a 12½ ₩ Sack	45 @	50
SHINGLES, 7-inch, & M	5 00 @	7 00
Common	2 00 @	2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50 @	5 00
Cypress Hearts	@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Gran'd	@	4½
Standard A	@	4½
White Ex C	@	4¼
ExtraC, Golden	@	4
C, Yellow	@	3¾
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	@	
STAVES, ₩ M—W O, Barrel	8 00 @	14
R O Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	12 00 @	13 00
Mill, Prime	8 00 @	9 50
Mill, Fair	6 50 @	7 50
Common Mill	4 00 @	5 00
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00 @	4 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	5 @	
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00 @	2
North Carolina	1 00 @	2
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14 @	
Clear of burs	10 @	
Burry	@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Feb. 5.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Firm at 26½ cents per gallon.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 02½ per bbl. for Strained, and $1 07½ for Good Strained

TAR—Market firm at $1 00 per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1 10 for Hard, $1 50 for Yellow Dip and $1 70 for Virgin.

COTTON.—Firm.

Ordinary	2½ cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	3½ " "
Low Middling	4 7-16 " "
Middling	4⅝ " "
Good Middling	5 3-16 " "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	142	bales
Spirits Turpentine	55	casks
Rosin	536	bbls.
Tar	74	bbls.
Crude Turpentine	19	bbl

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, February 5—Evening—Money on call was easy to-day at 1@2 per cent., with last loan at 2 per cent., and closing offered at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487½@487¾ for sixty days and 488¾@489 for demand. Commercial bills 486½@487¼. Government bonds steady. United States coupon fours 110; United States twos 96. State bonds dull: North Carolina fours 100; North Carolina sixes 125. Railroad bonds firm

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was 60¼ bid.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK February 5—Evening Cotton dull and easy, middling gulf 5⅞c middling uplands 5⅝c.

Futures closed quiet and steady; sales 112,600 bales; February 5 35c; March 5 39, April 5 42; May 5 46; June 5.50c; July 5.54c August 5.58c; September 5.66, October 5.68c; November 5 73c.

Net receipts 2 897 bales; gross receipts 12,073 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; exports to France —— bales; exports to the Continent 350 bales; forwarded 6,080 bales; sales 75 bales, all to spinners; stock (actual) 164,100 bales

Total to-day—Net receipts 28 931 bales. exports to Great Britain 7,129 bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent 10,015 bales; stock 978,039 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 88,145 bales; exports to Great Britain 44,568 bales; to France 7 175 bales; to the Continent 43,772 bales; to the Channel — bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 6,236 066 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,443 904 bales; exports to France 620 889 bales; exports to the Continent 1 650 704 bales; to the Channel — bales.

Flour quiet and steady at quotations; winter wheat, low grades $1 90@$2 30; fair to fancy grades $2 35@2 75 patents $3 60@3 00; Minnesota clear $2 25@3 60, patents $3 25@4 00 low extras $1 90@2 30. Southern flour dull but steady, common to fair extra $1 90@2 75, good to choice do. $2 80@3 85. Wheat dull and ⅝@⅞c higher, closing firm; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 57½c; afloat 58¾@59c; options were fairly active and firm at ⅝@⅞c advance; No. 2 red February 57½c; March 58c; May 58¾c. Corn quiet and firmer; No. 2 at elevator 47c; afloat 48c; options moderately active and firm at ⅝@1¼c advance; February 47c; May 47⅞; July 48¼ Oats dull and firmer; options quiet; February, March and May 32⅜c; mixed Western 33¾@35c; white do 36@40¼. Hay quiet and steady; shipping 50@55c; good to choice 70@

JOHNSON'S
MAGNETIC OIL
Instant Killer of Pain.
Internal and External.
Cures RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, Lame Back, Sprains, Bruises, Swellings, Stiff Joints, COLIC and CRAMPS instantly. Cholera Morbus, Croup, Diphtheria, Sore Throat, HEADACHE, as if by magic.

THE HORSE BRAND, Especially prepared for the most Powerful and Penetrating Liniment on Man or Beast in existence. Large 6l size 75c., 6c. size 50c.

JOHNSON'S ORIENTAL SOAP.
Medicated and Toilet. The Great Skin Cure and Face Beautifier. Ladies will find it the most delicate and highly perfumed Toilet Soap on the market. It is absolutely pure. Makes the skin soft and velvety and restores the lost complexion; is a luxury for the Bath for Infants. It allays itching, cleanses the scalp and promotes the growth of hair. Price 25c. For sale by

J. HICKS BUNTING, Y M C A Building.
For sale by JOHN H. HANBY,
ap 2 D&W 1y ch sat Wilmington N C

A LADY'S TOILET
Is not complete
without an ideal
COMPLEXION
POWDER.
POZZONI'S
Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.
Insist upon having the genuine.
IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.
feb 4 1y

JOHN H. HANBY,
GENERAL
Contractor and Builder.

Having retired from Railroad service, I am now in a position to offer my services to my friends and the public in general, and will conduct in future the business of contracting for

All kinds of Buildings, & Repairs to Same,

Pile Driving, Wharf Building, Foundations for Buildings and Heavy Machinery, Bridges, etc., specialty.
Office at Divine & Chadbourn's, 10 Market street. Residence 115 South Sixth street. Jan 6 1m

BEST

Condensed News,
Stories,
Miscellany,
Women's Department,
Children's Department,
Agricultural Department,
Political Department,
Answers to Correspondents,
Editorials.
Everything,
WILL BE FOUND IN THE

Weekly Courier-Journal

A ten page, eight-column Democratic Newspaper.
HENRY WATTERSON is the Editor.

PRICE $1.00 A YEAR

The WEEKLY COURIER-JOURNAL makes very liberal terms to Agents. Sample copies of the paper and Premium Supplement sent free to any address. Write to

Courier-Journal Company,
dec 28 tf LOUISVILLE, KY

GOLDEN-EYE WAX BEANS

One of the best and most profitable varieties for market or home use. Vines and foliage are remarkably healthy, while the pods, which are uniform in size, are free from rust and blight, and keep well after being picked. Very early; enormously productive. Very tender, brittle pods, which remain clean and attractive; invaluable for canning purposes. Price per pkt. 10c., per oz. 25c., per ¼ lb. 75c., per lb. $2.50. Prices of other SNAP BEANS and VEGETABLE SEEDS in DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE FREE. If not at the low price of $4.00 per bushel of this sort, we offer them at the lowest price of the pods, which we are uniform in size, are free from rust and blight, and keep well after being picked. Very early; enormously productive. Very tender, brittle pods, which remain clean and attractive; invaluable for canning purposes. Price per pkt. 10c., per oz. 25c., per ¼ lb. 75c., per lb. $2.50. Prices of other SNAP BEANS and VEGETABLE SEEDS in DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE FREE. If not at the low price of $4.00 per bushel of this sort, we offer them at the lowest price of the pods, which we are uniform in size, are free from rust and blight, and keep well after being picked. Very early; enormously productive. Very tender, brittle pods, which remain clean and attractive; invaluable for canning purposes. Price per pkt. 10c., per oz. 25c., per ¼ lb. 75c., per lb. $2.50. Prices of other SNAP BEANS and VEGETABLE SEEDS in DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE FREE.

T. W. WOOD & SONS, Seedsmen, Richmond, Va.
dec 25 D6t tu th sa W2t

Mexican Mustang Liniment
for
Burns,
Caked & Inflamed Udders.
Piles,
Rheumatic Pains,
Bruises and Strains,
Running Sores,
Inflammations,
Stiff joints,
Harness & Saddle Sores,
Sciatica,
Lumbago,
Scalds,
Blisters,
Insect Bites,
All Cattle Ailments,
All Horse Ailments,
All Sheep Ailments,
Penetrates Muscle, Membrane and Tissue Quickly to the Very Seat of Pain and Ousts it in a Jiffy.
Rub in Vigorously.
Mustang Liniment conquers Pain, Makes Man or Beast well again.

The Morning Star.

THE WIDOWED FARMER.

Since Hanner died the sun don't shine so bright,
The stars don't twinkle near so keen at night,
The church bell Sunday mornin ain't the cheer
It had when she was here,
Since Hanner died.

The very chickens misses Hanner's care
And go round with a sorter lonesome air.
There ain't no kind of joy about the place
Without her smilin face
Since Hanner died.

The garden tools hangs in the apple trees;
The hoss weeds air a-killin off the peas.
There's no one here to hoe the taters now
Er feed the hogs an cow
Since Hanner died.

I'spose, of course, I'd orter be resigned,
But when I go out in the shed an find
The ax she chopped the wood with all them years
I wet it with my tears
Since Hanner died.
—Bobley D. Stevenson in New York Sun.

BARRED OUT.

Bright petals fell softly on the white tablecloth, glass and silver glittered in the gaslight, and two people sat moodily opposite each other over dessert, one apparently too indifferent and the other too abstracted to renew the conversation that had dwindled to a desultory end with the departure of the servant.

The man, though not in his first youth, was handsome but for the lines in his forehead that revealed a latent discontent. The woman was fair haired and beautiful. Her smooth skin and delicate white hands told of luxury and ease and a life that knew not the toil and moil of penury or the harsh buffets of a workaday world. Yet tonight her heart was busy with a fancied grievance and oppressed with vague portent.

The husband had long ceased to invite his wife's confidence, stung by her growing, unaccountable coldness, and, all too conscious of the disparity in their ages, silently but bitterly acknowledged that his marriage had been a mistake and left her to her own devices. There were times when a pardonable desire for explanation almost overcame him, but pride always checked the query that rose to his lips, and he went on blaming himself for his shortsightedness in the passive endurance of an empty fashionable life.

If he had asked that searching question, she could not have answered it, hardly knowing that the ennui of repletion had made her capricious and unwilling to believe her whims had driven them apart. So, too thoughtless and inexperienced to attempt a redemption of the waning homage that was still her own, she turned like a wayward child to the first sympathetic ear to be consoled for the mischief she had wrought.

And the consolation became so sweet! There was a certain danger about it that attracted and brought a strange excitement into her idle life—it not only soothed her ruffled feelings, but almost crushed out of memory the grievance it had come to deplore.

Only sometimes, when stormy weather kept husband and wife together for some hours, until he was able to go off to his club and she to her friends, or when the servant left them sitting silently apart, even in the genial after dinner hour, the bitter, unjust sense of injury was paramount.

She rose, daintily shaking out the folds of her silk gown. Her husband held the door open, and as she swept past him secretly admired the poise of her proud little head and the thick, natural wave of golden hair gathered into wonderful curves and loops. The faint flush on her cheeks, her downcast eyes—even the detail of her jet trimmed dress—were in his mind as he went back, sighing, to his solitary cigar.

She ran up stairs to her room with an anxious glance at the tall clock on the landing that ticked out a solemn monotonous warning from the depths of its rigid heart, and unlocking an antique cabinet discovered in one of its mysterious recesses a note which she read with a reflective little frown. Then, hastily donning fur trimmed mantle and small bonnet, she drew a thick veil over her pretty, even features, and stealing softly down stairs slipped out of the house. The season of the fashionable seaside town in which she had chosen to linger on week after week was nearly ended. She hurried on through the almost deserted streets, looking timidly about her, for she was not used to ramble unattended. Though October was near, the air was balmy but for an occasional chill breeze that swept over the sea, across whose dark, sobbing waters the moon cast a gleaming, silver green pathway.

She paused near the pier, shamefaced and irresolute, to await her sympathetic friend, whom she saw approaching with an unmistakable expression of pleasure and gratification in his eyes. There was a brief, silent greeting. Then they wandered on to the shell strewn beach, exchanging confidence to the safe accompaniment of the receding tide.

The subtle certainty of perfect appreciation effaced every doubt that had assailed her as to the judiciousness of keeping this appointment, and she told, recklessly enough, of the widening gulf between herself and the husband who could not or would not understand her, and the yearning for something she had never known, of her intellectual loneliness. And in the low musical tones that thrilled her he spoke of his own wasted existence, the wife who was no companion to him, the sympathy he longed for—and, at last, of their own friendship, hinting something deeper. She chided him softly, but with a consciousness of forgiveness for his presumption, and an equivocal argument ensued that absorbed them into forgetfulness of the flying hours till her startled cry and uplifted hand brought his carefully worded discourse to a sudden end.

From the church tower the hour of midnight boomed distinctly through the gentle hiss of the distant waves. Each stroke fell like a knell upon her throbbing heart. Looking up, pale and terrified, she saw with dismay that the lights on the esplanade had been extinguished, and the great hotels, looming with grim majesty out of the darkness, closed and shuttered.

A 12 o'clock tete-a-tete on the beach—oh, the shame of it—the stinging scandal for her dearest friends to revel in, if it ever came to their ears! The clock must be wrong, she urged piteously, thinking of the "little half hour" her conscience had been stifled into granting, but a glance at the jeweled bauble on her chatelaine by the light of a spluttering fuse confirmed her worst fears and the integrity of the maligned timekeeper.

There was no time to lose. She turned impatiently toward the town, and her companion, following with more speed than dignity, was wise enough to attempt no renewal of their perilous conversation. Through the streets she ran, breathlessly, to the surprise of the solitary policeman and sundry feline wanderers who scuttled noiselessly out of her path. How she longed to be hidden safely in the corner of her comfortable carriage, moving drowsily homeward after some Cinderella! But seaside festivities were nearly over, and there was no excuse for her tardy arrival. She held her head down, fearful of being seen on foot in such haste, and with her attractive companion, whose sensibility would have been sorely hurt at the eagerness with which she dismissed him when the house came in sight, had he not felt alarmed for his own reputation as well as the safe custody of his uncongenial wife's fortune, and with a hurried wish that all would be well walked away with an air of relief ere she reached the doorstep.

She rang the bell with a miserable sensation of being deserted in her hour of need, and a shuddering fear crept over her as she waited outside the house that looked darkly inhospitable with its fastened shutters and massive door. A boisterous wind sprang up, making her shiver in spite of her warm cloak. Clouds chased each other across the fair, round moon. She knocked and rang again impatiently.

No sound of welcome admission to warmth and light, only the faint echo of her friend's footsteps already in the distance. With the erratic logic of a spoiled and petted woman who had never seen the contrary side of the world she blamed him for not having waited—even remotely—until he saw her safely indoors, wondering, in helpless anger, that she had ever turned to him for sympathy.

A loud rat-a-tat, and then another, rather timid this time, for the closed door and retreating figure had grown hideous with awful meaning. What if her husband had discovered the secret meeting and shut her out forever! She knew men did such things on the spur of the moment, and in this case there had been a long and sullen estrangement to justify any conclusion he might pardonably come to. The thought became more terrible every instant as she knocked and rang frantically without result.

The church clock struck the half hour, a long, melancholy chime.

Trembling from head to foot, she leaned against the railings, her eyes heavy with despair. Where should she go? What should she do? The suspicious questioning of her friends, the astonished scrutiny of the townspeople, were equally difficult to face. Like a vision the awful future flashed through her bewildered brain. She saw herself exiled to the streets, a forlorn, wretched woman, forsaken by the man she despised in her real trouble, yearning to make amends for her past blindness and faintly imploring an inexorable fate at the steadfast door of the life she should know no longer.

Barred out! Oh, God! Barred out!

In undreamed of agony she pictured her husband's stern orders and the gossip in the servants' hall. Then, hardly knowing what she did and choking with desperate sobs, she turned toward the home that had become so dear, beating wildly at the door panels with her clinched fists and crying aloud like a frightened child:

"Let me in! Oh, do let me in!"

"Are you mad?" said suddenly a calm, well known voice at her side. "The maids are on the top floor at the back of the house, and nothing short of an earthquake would rouse James. If I were not careful to take my latchkey when I go to the club, he would present me with the key of the street. And why didn't you order the carriage to fetch you, or"—

He broke off suddenly. The ponderous door stood open, and he waited for her to pass in, but with a quick glance at her white face and closed eyes caught her tenderly in his arms as she fell insensible across the threshold. Gently as a woman he loosened the heavy cloak and took off the little bonnet, disentangling it from her soft, golden hair with dexterous fingers. Then, probably from a lamentable ignorance of the principles of first aid, he bent down and kissed the sweet, tear stained face that rested peacefully near his heart.

And the wife, coming slowly back to a new life of perfect love and trust through the shadow of her former folly, felt and answered the timid embrace with clinging arms and tears of joy and gratitude.—London Today.

It Suited Her.

They were threading their way slowly among the gorgeously dressed dummies in the dry goods shop, stopping every now and then to admire or criticise and to inspect linings and price marks. Nothing had pleased their fastidious fancy very much until the girl in brown saw a black serge just in front of her.

"There, Marie!" she exclaimed in triumph. "That's what I want. See how that umbrella skirt hangs! See how that coat sits in the back! The frock makes even a lay figure distinguished. If it's silk lined and doesn't cost too much, I shall have it."

She advanced and laid inquiring hands upon the frock, lifting the coat to inspect the lining. Then she fell back with a little cry. It was not a dummy, but another customer, who turned and faced her.—New York Recorder.

PLAYS AND PLAYERS.

W. O. Johnson has written a comedy in three acts entitled "Vassar."

Forbes Robertson will be Mme. Modjeska's leading man next season.

The run of "Too Much Johnson" at the Standard theater, New York, will be indefinite.

Frank Bush will appear next season in a new piece under Davis & Keogh's management.

Briant S. Young, a grandson of Brigham Young, has dramatized Hall Caine's novel, "The Manxman."

Charles T. Parsloe, the comedian who was stricken with paralysis a few weeks ago, is slowly but surely recovering.

Joseph M. Gaites, author of "A Railroad Ticket" and "A Wild Duck," has about completed a new play entitled "The Electrician."

A new comedy by Gerhart Hauptmann will be produced in Berlin shortly. Carl and Theodor Rosenfeld have secured the piece for America.

"Men and Money" is the title of a four act melodrama by Duncan B. Harrison which may be produced next spring. The piece is said to contain a big sensational effect.

The Chicago Exhibition company is nurturing an enterprise to build a "scenic theater" on the site of the Wild West show. A building 77 by 300 feet is proposed.

Mr. James A. Bailey, proprietor of the Barnum-Bailey greatest show on earth, has acquired an interest in the Buffalo Bill Wild West and will direct its tours hereafter.

W. A. Day, business representative of Henry Arthur Jones, has made Charles Frohman an offer for "Too Much Johnson," which he wants to produce in London. He says the Gillette farce would run in London for over a year.

William Carter, a lawyer of Defiance, O., has written a libretto for an opera based upon the stirring scenes that occurred during the period of 1778-6 in American colonial history. A Philadelphia composer is setting it to music.

FLOWER AND TREE.

The goldenrod blooms earlier in the season the farther north it is.

No worm or insect is ever found upon the eucalyptus tree or in the earth penetrated by its roots.

On the Canary islands grows a fountain tree which distills enough water to supply every creature in the neighborhood with drink.

According to Gray, Michelet and Dobby, three eminent botanists, there is not a single known species of marine plant containing vegetable poisons.

The quivering of the aspen leaves is due to the fact that the leaf stock is flat on the sides and so thin about the middle that the slightest breath of wind sets all the leaves trembling.

A Great Need.

I am not fond of royalty,
And yet the time I've seen
When I would give all my old shoes
For just one little queen.
—New York Herald.

BIG POKER STORIES.

THEIR TEXT THE REMARKABLE VAGARIES OF LUCK.

Senator Wolcott's Lucky Draw In the "Brace" Game—The Old Red Ear Story Retold In Condensed Form—The Personal Confession of One of "the Company."

"I suppose Senator Wolcott is one of the coolest men living when engaged in a game of chance," said Albert Watson of Denver. "Like most men whose early manhood has been spent on the frontier, he learned the value of a poker hand and the best way to keep cases as soon as he learned law, and he was known as a 'limit' player all over Colorado before his fame as a lawyer had spread outside of Denver. When playing faro, he always did and does yet bet as much on the turn of a card as the dealer will allow him to, and when he sits in a poker game the other people want to keep their eyes wide open and play their cards mighty close up to their chests.

"Wolcott once found himself in a game of poker where three of the other players were playing a sure game. They were professionals and were after a big bundle of money that he had in his possession as well as looking for that which the fifth player, a mining operator named Durkin, was known to have. Wolcott knew in 20 minutes after the first hand was dealt that the intention was to rob him and wearied his wits trying to find a way out of the game without making trouble, but he couldn't discover a means to save him. At last he was dealt a pat flush of diamonds made up of the 5, 7, 8, 9 and jack. He skinned those cards over and did a mighty piece of thinking. He felt in his bones that a flush would be no account in the world when it came to a showdown, but he chipped in and staid to draw cards. To his surprise, he wasn't raised before the draw.

"He looked over his bright red diamonds and concluded to draw a card, in order, if possible, to strengthen the sequence. He pondered a long time between discarding the 5 spot or the picture, and at last tossed away the jack and called for a card. The dealer looked surprised at his wanting any, but gave him the card. Wolcott picked it up and found he had got the 6 spot of diamonds. He never turned a hair. The betting began, and he nursed his sequence of diamonds and just staid along, letting the other fellows do the raising. At last it got down to Wolcott and one of the professionals. Finally there was a call, and the other man showed four queens. Wolcott laid down the 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 of diamonds and swept in the pot. The game stopped right there. I reckon that was the greatest piece of luck that any man ever had in a poker game."

When Mr. Watson had concluded his interesting recital and the wonderful draw had been expatiated upon, one of his listeners remarked that he reckoned it was his deal. "This is a story of luck, too," he remarked, "but of a different character from that experienced by Senator Wolcott. A friend of mine who lives out in Maryland was playing in a little poker game not long ago. The paraphernalia of the game was primitive, consisting of a single well thumbed deck of steamboat cards, with grains of corn for chips. My friend was followed by a regular tempest of bad luck, and his corn was down to a very few grains. He agitated his mind for a minute or two and then suddenly announced that he had forgotten to give his horse water and would have to do it. He went out of the house, and being familiar with the premises made his way to the cornhouse, and putting in his hand in the dark got an ear of corn and put it in his pocket. Then he went to the stable, after making a big noise at the pump to let the fellows inside believe he was moistening his animal, and returned in a few minutes to the house. He sat down and proceeded to pull out the 'chips' he had placed in his pocket when he left, and which he had substantially added to meantime. You can imagine his consternation when he found that he drew forth his original dozen white 'chips,' with twice that many red. He had managed to find in the dark the only red ear in the cornhouse."

"I'll make a personal confession after that," said Henry Miller when the laugh subsided. "Some years ago I was prone now and then to indulge in the delights of draw, and there was a friend living near me, over in Georgetown, afflicted with intermittent insanity of the same sort that visited him at intervals coincident with my own. Consequently we usually hunted the animal together. One night we came over this side of the creek together and proceeded to a place on Ninth street, where a public game, with table stakes, was pretty popular. Along about 11 o'clock we both got broke and concluded to go home. The night had grown stormy, and it was sleeting like sin when we left the 'club,' as it was called. A search revealed that we had but one car ticket between us. The bobtail cars, without a conductor, were then used on the Metropolitan line, and we conceived the highly original idea of splitting that ticket in half and dropping the two pieces in the box. We boarded the last car over and carried out our scheme. You may knock me down if both pieces didn't fall in the box white side up. The driver glanced at them and then started to open the door, but we both made a break and got off the car. I made up my mind there that my luck was too utterly bad for a poker player, and walking home through that blizzard I determined to try no more poker, and I haven't touched a card in a money game since."—Washington Star.

Cheyenne is a word of doubtful origin. Some say that it is from the Indian sheyenne, meaning stranger; others that it is French, from chien—dog—and that the town in Wyoming of that name was called so from the prairie dog villages common on the plains.

The Bicyclene.

No more along the broad highway
We see the maiden fly,
The tired machine is put away,
The bloomers are put by,
And she is in the ballroom gay
Among the giddy throng
In gown cut en decollete,
With train a fathom long.
—New York Press.

A Sudden Impulse.

Socks—Buskin, my boy, I was astonished to learn just now that you ran off the stage in the middle of a scene last night, overcome by nervousness.

Buskin—A veteran like meself attacked by stage affright? By the gods, no! Go to, good Socks!

Socks—Well, what was the matter, then?

Buskin—A boy in the gallery gave so good an imitation of a locomotive whistle that I made an involuntary rush to catch the train.—Tit-Bits.

A Terrible Accident.

Why runs the tramp with such great speed?
Why chokes he down that sob?
What has he struck 'twere 'gainst his creed?
Alas, he struck a job!
—Syracuse Post.

Moved.

She looked at him with pleading eyes.
"Don't," she implored, "be so cold with me."
Tears gathered, clung for an instant to her trembling lashes and then coursed down her cheek.
"People will think we are just married," she faltered.
He started at her words, paled, hesitated a moment, gathered her in a warm embrace and kissed her violently.—Detroit Tribune.

Not at All Sure.

The rich old suitor assured her that she was mistaken.
"Why," he impetuously exclaimed, "I would die for you!"
The sweet young thing who was budding to womanhood on $10 a week with four younger sisters sighed and shook her head.
"You promise that now," she faltered, "but after we are married you would forget all about it."
It was very difficult for her to decide just what to do.—Detroit Tribune.

On Their Wedding Trip.

He—How can any one ask if marriage is a failure? Why, I wouldn't be single again for worlds.
She—But suppose I were to die?
He—Oh, then I'd get married again.
—Brooklyn Life.

A Great Success.

Landlady—I believe in letting coffee boil for 30 minutes. That's the only way to get the good out of it.
New Boarder (tasting his and leaving it)—You succeeded admirably, ma'am!—Tit-Bits.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

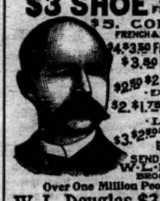
Mr. G. Caillouette, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at R. R. Bellamy's Drug Store.

$20 TO $150
TYLER'S FAMOUS ROLL CURTAIN DESKS.
NEW STYLES.
Our mammoth catalogue of Bank Counters, Desks, and other Office Furniture for 1894 now ready. Desks, Chairs, Tables, Book-Cases, Etc., and at matchless prices, for the Best Goods made.
BANK COUNTERS TO ORDER TO FIT ANY ROOM.
Catalogue free. Send 12c to cover postage.
TYLER OFFICE FIXTURE CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.
aug 7 6m tu th 8dp

LE BRUN'S G&G CURE
FOR EITHER SEX. This remedy being injected directly to the seat of those diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs, requires no change of diet or nauseous, mercurial or poisonous medicines to be taken internally. When used
AS A PREVENTIVE
by either sex it is impossible to contract any venereal disease; but in the case of those already Unfortunately Afflicted with Gonorrhea and Gleet, we guarantee a cure. Price by mail, postage paid, $1 per box, or 6 boxes for $5.
R. R. BELLAMY & CO., Druggists and Sole Agents, Wilmington, N. C.
dec 5 tf W change daily

LADIES DO YOU KNOW
DR. FELIX LE BRUN'S
STEEL AND PENNYROYAL PILLS
are the original and only FRENCH, safe and reliable cure on the market. Price $1.00; sent by mail. Genuine sold only by
ROB'T R. BELLAMY & CO., Druggists and Sole Agents, Wilmington, N. C.
ee d5 tf change daily W

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. FIT FOR A KING.
$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & CHAMELLED CALF.
$4 $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.
$3. $2.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.
$2.50 $2. WORKINGMEN'S, EXTRA FINE.
$2. $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOE.
LADIES'
$3. $2.50 $2. $1.75 BEST DONGOLA.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.



Over One Million People wear the W. L. Douglas $3 & $4 Shoes
All our shoes are equally satisfactory
They give the best value for the money.
They equal custom shoes in style and fit.
Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed.
The prices are uniform,—stamped on sole.
From $1 to $3 saved over other makes.
If your dealer cannot supply you we can. Sold by
H. VONGLAHN, Wilmington.
jan 1 6m tu th sa

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North South, East and West.
sep 25 tf MONCURE, Supt.

CHOICE
Seed Potatoes.
HOULTON
EARLY ROSE.
Red Rust Proof Oats.
COFFEE, SUGAR, FLOUR,
Meat, Salt,
MOLASSES, &c., &c.
WORTH & WORTH.
jan 17 tf

Cotton Mills
A SPECIALTY. THEIR ORGANIZATION.
Equipment and Construction arranged. Plans, specifications and superintendence furnished for all kinds of Textile Mills. Mill sites and powers examined and reported upon.
ARTHUR F. GRAY,
Mill Architect and Engineer,
Exchange Building, 53 State St.
jan 24 1m Boston, Mass.

Early Rose Potatoes.
50 bbls. E. Rose Potatoes.
800 bbls. Flour.
400 bbls. Molasses.
75 Cheese.
60 bags Coffee.
111 bbls. Sugar. Also Oats, Hay, Meat, Peanuts, Can Goods, &c.
D. L. GORE.
jan 8 D&W tf

THE LATEST. THE GREATEST.
Ninth Edition.
Encyclopædia Britannica.
Not Condensed
Not Revised,
Not Mutilated.
—BUT—
The Great And Only
ENCYCLOPAEDIA Britannica.
Complete in 25 Volumes

The Encyclopædia Britannica is not only a complete compendium of all knowledge, but it is a dictionary of biography, a record of inventions, a history of discoveries, a calendar of dates, a registry of events, a glossary of technical and scientific terms, a collection of mathematical, chemical, and mechanical formulas, a handbook of law, a medical guide.

Best At'as in the World.

The most thorough and reliable key to business knowledge, a manual of games, sports and amusements, a theranus of statistics, a history of all countries and people, a storehouse of criticism, a treasury of curious learning, a vade mecum for the household and farm, as for the office and library, a repertory of useful information. If the professional or the business man should undertake to put upon his library shelves the special treaties, which would cover as wide a range of topics as those gathered in the Britannica, relating to his own pursuits, his purchases would extend over scores of volumes, some of them rare and expensive, and many of them not brought down to date.

Of all the works of reference now in the market, the Encyclopædia Britannica is not only the most comprehensive, but by far the cheapest, even at

The Original Price of $8 Per Volume.

Heretofore this work could be obtained only at a great cost—from $125 to $200. It is now, for the first time, placed within reach of the masses. A saving of only 15 cents a day gives you this never-failing fountain of knowledge. Is it not worth such a slight effort to obtain it?

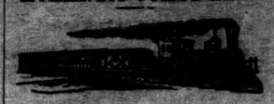
The STAR will for a short time furnish this great work in Cloth binding at $1.60 per volume; in full sheep at $2 20 per volume, and will deliver the whole set upon payment of $5 cash, giving you long time to pay the balance.

The purchase of any Encyclopædia short of the best is not only bad judgment, but worse economy. The STAR will furnish you this, the greatest literary production of the century, at one-third the former price and on terms so accommodating that none need deny themselves the great advantage of owning this mine of information. Remember that the present is the only time we can call our own. We reserve the privilege of withdrawing this offer at any time. It is made as a favor to the STAR'S readers, and for the purpose of increasing our circulation. You are invited to call and examine the books, or send us your address for further particulars. Out of town subscribers can order by mail, and the books will be sent prepaid.

The Star Britannica Department,
9 and 11 Princess Street,
Wilmington, N. C.

HOPKINS, DWIGHT & CO.,
Cotton Exchange Building, N. Y.
Cotton and Cotton Seed Oil
Commission Merchants.
Liberal advances made on Consignments
For sale or to be held.
nov 26 6tr

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JAN. 27th, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 p m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 1.33 p m, Tarboro 2.45 p m, Weldon 3.4 p m, Petersburg 5.53 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.10 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.48 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.38 a m, Boston 8.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 6.31 p m, Warsaw 6.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.10 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, Tarboro 6.56 a m, Rocky Mount 11.12 p m We don 12.38 a m, Norfolk 10.35 a m, Petersburg 2.45 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.30 a m, Philadelphia 10.45 a m, New York 1.33 p m, Boston 3.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M No. 35—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.43 p m, Chadbourn 5.15 p m, Marion 6.21 p m, Florence 7.00 p m, Atkinson 8.09 p m, Sumter 8.36 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.18 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.12 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.30 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.30 P M No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.03 a m, Baltimore 3.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 9.50 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.30 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.08 p m, Goldsboro 3.55 p m, Warsaw 5.49 p m, Magnolia 4.02 a m.

DAILY 10.00 a m No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 2.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.35 a m, Baltimore 2.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.11 p m, Petersburg 7.04 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 9.27 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.20 p m, arrive Wilson 11.08 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.30 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.39 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY No. 36—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 a m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.40 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.10 p M, Denmark 4.37 p m, Sumter 6.43 p m, Atkins 7.04 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 1.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.32 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.40 p m, Hall at 4.00 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m; Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 a m, Greenville 8.32 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.30 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9 50; returning leaves Tarboro 4 50 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 5.00 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5.30 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 35 a m and 11.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5 05 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C.; 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.30 a m., connecting at Warsaw with main line trains.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Atkins at 9.40 a m and 6.30 p m, arrive Lucknow 1.10 a m and 8 p. m; returning leave Lucknow 6.45 a m and 4 20 p m; arrive Atkins 8 15 a m and 5.50 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 7.49 a m, arrive Latta 8.10 a m, Dunbar 7.50 p m, Dillon 8.33 a m. Leave Dillon 6.15 p m, Dunbar 6.30 a m, Latta 6.38 p m, arrive Pee Dee 8.19 p m, daily except Sunday.

Wilmington, Chadbourn and Conway Railroad leave Hub 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 9.00 a m, arrive Conway at 12.30 p m, leave Conway 2 00 p m, Chadbourn 5 35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 7.35 a m, 5.30 a m, 8.50 p m, arrive Darlington 8.15 a m, 9.05 a m, 5.15 p m, Harsville 10.15 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 10.35 a m, Wadesboro 12.30 p m, leave Wadesboro 2.00 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m 5.35 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

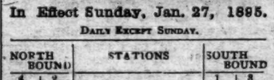
Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 5.31 p m, arrive Lane 7 p m, leave Lanes 8 38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m. arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.50 a m. 7 10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 a m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 8 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.36 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 3.08 p m, 11.06 p m, arrive Selma 9.53 p m; Smithfield 3.08 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4 20 p m, 12.53 a m, Row and 5.55 p m, leave Rowland 8 20 p m, Fayetteville 10.10 a m, 9.19 p m, Dunn 11.12 a m, Smithfield 11.44 a m, Selma 11.12 a m, arrive Wilson 12 42 p m, 11 15 p m.

H. M. EMERSON,
Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. jan 5 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, Jan. 27, 1895.
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND			STATIONS	SOUTH BOUND	
4	2			1	3
P M	A M		—WILMINGTON—	M	P M
9 30	7 00	Lv..	Mulberry street ..Ar	12 00	7 00
	7 15	Lv..	Surry street ..Ar		6 50
4 22	10 17	Lv..	Jacksonville Lv	10 07	4 30
4 54	10 57	Lv..	Maysville Lv	9 31	3 00
5 08	11 18	Lv..	Pollocksville Lv	9 23	2 50
5 4*	12 00	Ar..	Newbern Lv	8 43	2 30
P M	M			A M	P M

Trains 1 and 4 make close connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Steamers on New River leave Jackson ille at 7.30 a m; returning leave Marine's 12 m, arriving at Jacksonville 3.00 p m, connecting with trains 4 and 5.
H. A. WHITING, General Manager.
J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. jan 22 tf

J. W. Norwood, H. Walters; J. S. Worth,
PRESIDENT. VICE-PRESIDENT. CASHIER.

THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS & TRUST CO.,
Wilmington, N. C.
Capital $25

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING FEB. 6, 1895

TRAIN HELD UP.

PASSENGERS PLUNDERED BY TWO MASKED MEN.

Money and Other Valuables Taken—The Country Aroused and Posses in Pursuit of the Robbers.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HUTCHINSON, KAN., February 5.—Train No. 1 on the Santa Fe R. R. passed west through Hutchinson last night on time. When Sylvia, a small station twenty miles west was reached, the train stopped for coal and two men crawled into the cab, at the same time covering Engineer Kearney and his fireman with guns. They robbed the engineer and fireman of their money, about $40, and ordered them to march to the express car and break open the door. A demand was made upon the messenger, Jesse Ruble, to open the safe, but when he refused the robbers abandoned the idea of robbing the express car. They then marched the engineer and fireman with a sack into the passenger coach and while one man held the trainmen, the other covered the passengers and ordered "hands up." Thus they went through the train, dumping pocketbooks, watches, knives and revolvers into the sacks. The amount of money secured cannot be approximated. One lady bought a ticket at Hutchinson for a Colorado point, and the ticket agent here says she had at least $300 when she purchased her ticket, which she was made to donate. The robbers were very cool and deliberate, taking fully an hour to do their work. When the robbers entered the coach about the first man they covered was Conductor McGrath and his brakeman, and they, too, were forced to surrender their valuables. After the work of robbing the coaches was over, the engineer and fireman were marched back to their posts and ordered to "pull out," which they did.

After the robbers passed through the first coach the conductor and brakeman started to leave the car and raise an alarm in the town, but they were discovered by more robbers standing on the ground on each side of the train, who ordered them back into the coaches.

The country is aroused, and the farmers are out well armed trailing the robbers, who rode off in a southeast direction.

Officers of the railroad company are convinced that the work was done by amateurs. As Sylvia is a long distance from the territory, and as there is snow on the ground, it would be an easy matter to follow them.

GRAIN AND PORVISIONS.

A Sharp Advance in the Wheat and Corn Market—Pork Products Dull but Higher.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, Feb. 5.—The bullish news in wheat was far in excess of anything that the opponents of higher prices for that grain could introduce to-day. The bulls themselves were again disposed to try what success they could achieve in buying, which was, in itself, quite a factor in causing the advance made, whilst the bears did not seriously obstruct the upward movement. French advices to the effect that bonded stocks of wheat in that country were only 2,500,000 bushels against 9,000,000 a year ago were received. The Australian crop was reported as being 25 per cent. less than last year and deficient in quality. Baltic and Indian shipments for the week were light at 3,364,000 bushels, the addition of American exports not bringing the supply up to the amount required by importing countries as estimated by Beerbohm. Liverpool cables were higher and Continental markets showed advances generally. New York was a liberal buyer at the opening while foreigners were buying in that city. May wheat opened from 53 to 53⅛c. advanced to 53⅝@53⅜c, where it closed —⅜@1c higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was firm and ½c a bushel higher.

Corn was strong and higher. May corn opened from 42⅞ to 43c, advanced to 44c, closing at 43⅜ to 44c—one cent higher than yesterday. Cash corn was in active demand and strong. Prices in that department were ½c per bushel higher.

Oats received strength from their environments. May oats closed ⅛ to ⅝c higher than yesterday. The cash market failed to respond to the stronger futures, business being transacted at about steady figures.

Provisions—The trade in provisions was a semi-stagnant one, a stronger hog market imparting a similar tone to product. After the opening the business was slow and first prices were not essentially changed throughout the day. May pork closed 10c higher than yesterday. May lard 2½ to 5c higher and May ribs 5c higher. Domestic markets were quiet and steady.

SPOTS AND FUTURES

The New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—The *Sun* says: Cotton advanced one to two points, but lost this and declined two to three points, closing steady with sales of 19,600 bales. New Orleans advanced two points on May, but lost this and declined one point. Liverpool was firm and unchanged on the spot, with sales of 8,000 bales. Futures advanced one point, but lost half of this and closed quiet and steady. In Manchester yarns were quiet but steady; cloths quiet. Port receipts to-day 28,918 bales, against 34,385 this day last week and 20,215 last year; thus far this week 83,145 against 99,411 thus far last week. The exports from the ports to day were 17,144 bales. Spot cotton here was dull and easy; sales of 75 bales for spinning. New Orleans receipts to morrow were estimated at 11,000 to 13,000 bales, against 8,661 last Wednesday.

To-day's features: It is worthy of note that the total receipts to day at Augusta, Memphis, St. Louis, Cincinnati and Houston were 11,534 bales, against only 8,987 on this day last year. Taking this and the continued big receipts at the ports, the unsatisfactory advices from Liverpool and Manchester, the dullness and depression prevailing in the spot markets of this country, the absence of life and snap in the cotton trade and finally the paralysis of the speculation in cotton, and it is not difficult to understand why prices declined to day.

It was a quiet, dragging market. Nobody expects great things of it one way or the other in the immediate future, but if receipts continue liberal, it is believed that prices will have no where else to go but to a lower level.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, February 5.—Spirits turpentine quiet and firm at 29½@30c bid. Rosin firm; strained common to good $1 85@1 40.

CHARLESTON, February 5.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26½c; receipts —casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 00@1 10, receipts 193 barrels.

SAVANNAH, February 4—Spirits turpentine opened and closed at 26¼c asked for regulars; sales — casks; receipts 499 casks. Rosin firm at a decline; sales 6,000 barrels.

CONGRESS YESTERDAY.

A STORMY SCENE IN THE SENATE

Between Mitchell, of Oregon, and Harris, of Tennessee—Appropriation Bills Passed—Japanese Treaty Re-Considered—Currency and Banking Bill Debated in the House.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The opening of to-day's session in the Senate was accompanied by a rather stormy scene between two members of that body. An objection which Mr. Harris (Democrat, Tennessee) made to a request of Mr. Mitchell's (Republican, Oregon) to be allowed to address the Senate in explanation of a report which he proposed to make was resented by the Oregon Senator, who after some little exchange of discourtesies indulged in the cutting remark that the Tennessee Senator was "capable of doing unusual and indiscreet and ungentlemanly things." For this the angry reply was made that Mr. Mitchell's conduct was "contemptible." There were some more storm indications after this point, but a timely use of the gavel by the Vice-President prevented any further explosion of anger on either side, and business was proceeded with.

The District of Columbia Appropriation bill crowded out other matters and occupied the remainder of the day's session, the bill being passed before adjournment.

At one point the financial question broke out in the shape of an amendment offered by Mr. McLaurin (Dem., Miss) looking to the coinage of the silver bullion in the Treasury to the amount of the seigniorage (65,000 000), but the amendment to which it was offered was decided by a vote of the Senate to be out of order, and Mr. McLaurin's amendment fell with it.

After the District Appropriation bill was passed, the Diplomatic and Consular Appropriation bill was taken up—not, however, displacing the Bankruptcy bill as the unfinished business—and the Senate at 4.45 after a short executive session adjourned.

The Senate to-day in executive session reconsidered the Japanese treaty and made the change in its text to which attention was called some days ago by the State Department. As the treaty was amended last week the Senate provided that it should be within the power of either of the contracting parties to abrogate it after twelve months notice. Inasmuch as the treaty does not go into effect until four years from now, in 1899, this put it within the power of the United States to abrogate the convention before it went into operation a condition which the Japanese Minister replied would be manifestly unfair to the Government of Japan. He urged that the question be reconsidered and the amendment changed so that it could be abrogated after twelve months only after the same had been in operation. The change was made to-day without the formality of a vote upon a statement of the case by the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations. The State Department, it is understood, has received the assurances of the Japanese Minister that the treaty, as amended in this way, would be satisfactory, and there is no reason why it may not be proclaimed in the course of time without unnecesary delay.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The first day's debate in the House on the Currency and Banking bill, with authority to issue low interest, long-time bonds to maintain the gold reserve, brought out Mr. Reed's substitue for the measure which has been discussed the past day or two. The speech in which he presented the proposition was the principle feature of the day. The bill is in brief, that the Secretary of the Treasury be directed to issue three per cent. certificates of indebtedness to meet the deficiencies in receipts, the gold reserve to be used only for the redemption of greenbacks. These certificates, he said, might be for two years or less, and it is to be redeemed out of the surplus receipts, which the Secretary estimates the Treasury will have this year. This would avoid all questions, he said, which hinder the passage of the committees bill, and meet the present exigency. The Republicans, he said, were willing to forego any party advantage that might be obtained from a continuance of present conditions and join in the passage of a measure that would relieve the country; but it must be such a measure as commended itself to their ideas of right and justice and practibility. The bill he offered as a substitute was ordered to be printed in the *Record*.

The debate was participated in by Messrs. Springer and Patterson (Dem., Tenn) in favor of the bill, and by Messrs. Walker (Rep., Mass.), Hall (Dem., Mo.), Swanson (Dem., Va.) Simpson (Pop.), McKeighan (Pop., Neb) and Pence (Pop., Col.) against it. Messrs. Walker and Cox also have substitutes for the pending bill, which they propose to offer. Two or three private bills were passed under requests for unanimous consent and a number of bills were reported from committees.

The Committee on Public Lands reported, and the House passed a resolution directing the Secretary of the Interior to suspend the location of lands under railroad grants pending action by Congress.

The House at 4.50 p. m., adjourned until to-morrow.

THE DEBS TRIAL.

Judge Grosscup's Rulings Regarded as a Victory for the Defence.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, February 5.—At the opening of the Debs trial to-day, Mr. Walker asked on behalf of the Government that the cases against Dennis Larkin, John Burke, Frank Dreyer and James McDonald be dismissed. Judge Grosscup dismissed these four and announced that he would let the jury pass on the cases of the directors of the American Railway Union. The defence asked him yesterday to dismiss the cases without a further hearing in regard to John D. McVean and Martin J. Elliott, the two least active of the directors. The Judge said he would take their cases under consideration.

The defence began its case by putting on the stand President Thomas, of the Chicago & Western Indiana Railroad. Mr. Thomas was questioned about the General Managers' Association. He said the Association had considered the question of a reduced wage schedule for employes of the roads centering in Chicago. Attorney Darrow put the witness through a hot examination as to the objects and methods of the Association and its action in combining to defeat the American Railway Union in the big railroad strike, which was admitted. Roswell Miller, President, and A. J. Farling, General Manager of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad, also testified. The records of the General Managers' Association were for the first time produced in court. Among those for whom subpœnas have been issued is George M. Pullman.

In passing on the question, whether testimony concerning the switchmen's strike should be admitted, Judge Grosscup said: "I think when this case gets to the jury it is going to turn on what were the real motives and purposes of these defendants in instituting the strike in 1894. I will, therefore, hear the prehistory of the strike. This ruling is regarded as a distinct victory for the defence.

THE BROOKLYN STRIKE.

POLICEMEN PREVENT A MASS MEETING OF STRIKERS.

A Trolley Car Runs into a Funeral Procession—The Mayor Will Veto the Resolution Passed by the Aldermen Revoking Franchise of Companies.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BROOKLYN, February 5.—The mass meeting in the interest of the former employes of the trolley roads, which had been arranged to take place at the Atheneum, was not held this evening, owing to the presence of the police.

At 8 o'clock to-night Police Inspector McKellar had policemen stationed in the hall, on the stairs and at the entrance. About fifty persons had taken seats in the hall when H. B. Martin, of the Executive Committee of the Knights of Labor, stepped upon the platform and said that he had been authorized to announce that the meeting was postponed until such a time that it could be held without uniformed police blocking the entrance and interfering with a peaceful assemblage of citizens.

The people in the hall then retired.

The strikers held an indignation meeting at the Labor Liceum and denounced the action of the city authorities in dispersing the mass meeting in front of the City Hall yesterday and interfering with the Atheneum meeting to-night.

A trolley car of the cross-town line ran into a funeral procession at Wythe avenue and Broadway, Williamsburg, this afternoon. After the car had gone through the procession the hearse was found upset and the coffin lying in the gutter. The funeral was that of a two-year-old child. The little white coffin was in a white hearse, and three carriages, occupied by the mother and friends, followed. The funeral procession was going through Wythe avenue on its way to Calvary cemetery. Just as the hearse crossed the track at Broadway the car came along at a lively clip. Motorman Casey, of S. Paul, Minn., and Conductor Beilin, of Oshkosh, Wis., both new hands, were running the car. Special Policeman Dunn was also aboard. In some way they failed to stop the car and it ran into the hearse. The hearse was badly damaged, and all its glass sides were smashed. The driver was thrown from his seat and badly bruised about the right side. Police Sergeant Hayes arrived just in time to keep the crowd from tackling the motorman and conductor. As it was, Casey had a narrow escape from violence. He was arrested. The funeral party rescued the coffin and put it in the carriage with the parents. Then the procession moved on, leaving the driver of the hearse in charge of an ambulance surgeon and the damaged hearse standing in the street.

The resolution passed by the Board of Aldermen yesterday morning revoking the licenses and franchises of the Brooklyn Heights Railroad Company and the Atlantic Avenue Railroad Company will reach the Mayor in the course of business to-morrow. That he will veto it nobody doubts. He is quoted by his friends as expressing the opinion that the action of the aldermen is illegal. President Norton, of the Brooklyn Heights Company, and S. S. Whitehouse, his counsel, said this morning that the would pay no attention to the resolution as it did not affect them in the least.

Mirabeau L. Town, Counsel for the District Assembly 75, K. of L., said: "Of course, no lawyer will hold for a minute that the resolution will stand. I told the men when they consulted me about it, that the resolution would be illegal, but they wanted it drawn up that way, so I did it for them. Of course the Common Council has no right to deprive the companies of their franchises, but they can modify it. They can change the motive power from electricity to horse. They are doing that all the time. They have done it in Philadelphia three times. But this resolution won't hold."

The members of District Assembly 75 were resting on their oars to day. They had apparently exhausted all their ammunition. All last night not an assault on a non-union man, nor on a car, was reported to police headquarters. No arrests were made after 10 p. m. No wires were cut. All cars are running this morning as usual.

FARMERS' ALLIANCE.

National Convention in Session at Raleigh—Addresses of Welcome—Responses—In Secret Session Last Night.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., February 5.—The National Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union met in this city this afternoon at 3 o'clock. It was the regular annual meeting of this body and was called to order in Metropolitan Hall by the President, Senator-elect Marion Butler, of North Carolina. Addresses of welcome were made by Mayor Thomas Badger, of Raleigh, and President J. M. Newborne, of the North Carolina State Alliance. Responses were made by ex-President of the Alliance, H. L. Laucks, of South Dakota, and by J. E. Dean, more generally known as "Farmer Dean" of New York.

The attendance is not large, still there are a number of delegates here from States far away.

During the session of the Alliance, the corner-stone of a monument to the late L. L. Polk will be laid. Col. Polk was a citizen of Raleigh and was buried in the cemetery here. In the speeches to day touching and pathetic tribute was paid to the memory of this, the greatest leader the Alliance ever had.

They met in secret session to-night, where committees were appointed and other work of the session mapped out.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

Outrages on Christians in Syria—Life-boats From the Steamer Elbe.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, February 5—The *Central News* has a dispatch from Constantinople saying that anti-Christian outrages of the Armenian type are being committed in Sidon Beyrout and Damascus, Syria. The Christian inhabitants of Damascus declare that they apprehend a repetition of the massacre of 1860 when thousands os Christians were murdered.

The *Central News* announces that Mr Clement Higgins, member of Parliament for the middle division of Norfolk, a Liberal and Home Ruler, has informed the party whip that he will not attend the session of Parliament, and has requested that no circulars calling for his attendance be sent to him. This is virtually a secession from the Liberal party.

LOWESTOFT, Feb. 5.—Several more life-belts from the steamer Elbe have been picked up at various places on the coast.

LONDON, February 5.—A dispatch to the *Central News* from Tokio says that Marshal Oyama, reporting the capture of an inland town and the coast forts of Wei-Hai-Wei, says the Japanese met with no resistance. The Marshal stationed a battalion at each. The Chinese, on February 3d, destroyed all their junks and boats. On the same date the two fleets were unceasingly engaged.

In Olden Times

People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action; but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently cure habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system.

TOO LOW WAGES.

Other Reasons Why We Get Discouraged.

Labor's Tiresome Sameness Wears Brain and Body.

DEPRESSED SYSTEM IS OFTEN BADLY NOURISHED.

Paine's Celery Compound a Perfect Remedy.

Better Even Than Rest and Change for the Weary.

The more minutely all kinds of work become subdivided, the more sameness and monotony creep into each man's labor.

Day after day, day after day, in the same rut till little interest remains in the work, and the mind and body are gradually robbed of energy and healthy elasticity. Unless something is done the prolonged strain is likely to result in health failure; nervous symptoms appear, cares that were once lightly cast off now stick like burs, slight physical exertion tires, and the end is complete prostration and breaking down of some vital organ.

Business men feel this, public officials, wage earners, housekeepers, every man and woman whose work allows of little or no rest and change.

At the first small beginnings of nervousness or when languid feelings do not disappear after a sound night's sleep, the prudent person should know that he or she must check this decline in health by the use of that one genuine nerve food and blood renewer, Paine's celery compound.

The family physician knows its power over diseases of exhaustion and debility when he orders it, as so many careful practitioners are now doing in every city and small town throughout the United States.

As soon as one has fairly begun to use Paine's celery compound, every day will be a firm step toward assured health. Nervous, unhappy, and feeble persons find their flesh becomes more solid, a more healthy color takes the place of the waxy, sallow look, and there comes a clear increase in the volume of the blood and an increased normal appetite because of this rapid feeding of the entire system. Work becomes easier.

This searching tonic goes at once to the very causes of nervous disaster and breakdown. It is invaluable in all wasting diseases, in all cases where unusual demands are made on the system. Especially is it true in the case of mothers and invalids recovering from sickness.

Paine's celery compound has saved thousands from mournful years of feebleness, from the weariness of pain and from bodily weakness. It means health and happiness.

FATAL FIRE

A Man and Boy Burned to Death in Their Home at Pittsburg.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PITTSBURG, February 5.—Frederick D. Miller and his six-year old son were burned to death early this morning. Miller kept a store and resided at No. 2268 Second avenue. Fire was discovered in the kitchen at midnight. Miller, his wife, children and a hired man ran to the front of the building. On the way Mrs. Miller lost the boy and her husband returned to find him. Mrs. Miller, one child and the man escaped by jumping into blankets from the second story windows. After the fire Miller and the boy were found lying on the floor of the bed-room dead. They had been suffocated. John Finnegan's residence, No. 2208, was also burned. Fireman John Patterson was badly hurt by a fall from a ladder.

COTTON MILL MEN.

New England Manufacturers Will Make a Trip Through the South with a View to Investment There.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BOSTON, MASS., February 5.—John E. Patrick, secretary of the Southern Immigration and Industrial Association, who has made his headquarters in Boston during the past fortnight and gone forth daily to interview the cotton mill men of New England, left for Norfolk to-day.

It is expected that a party of ten Northern cotton manufacturers and representatives of other manufacturing concerns will leave here February 12 h. and will traverse the cotton belt, examining mill sites, water power and gathering data. The trip will take in Norfolk, Wilmington, Charlotte, N. C., Atlanta, Ga., and New Orleans. The Southern Immigration and Industrial Association has already entered into negotiations with various railroads in the South that the special train may be hauled free. The trip will extend over two weeks. The object of this excursion is to give the cotton manufacturers of New England an opportunity to see for themselves whether or not cotton cloth—that is the cheaper grades—can be more profitably made in the South, and enough more profitably to induce the investment of Northern capital in Southern mills.

This morning five of the nine tin mills of the Monongahela Tin-plate Co., Pittsburg, will start. By next week all will be in operation. The plant is one of the largest in the United States, and will give employment to a large number of employes.

The Winchester Repeating Arms Company of New Haven, yesterday shipped to Hong Kong, China, 1,500,000 rounds of 43 calibre Mauser rifle ammunition. This is the third shipment of the kind that the company has made since the war began.

Monday, near Blountsville, Ind., an old boiler used by some men sawing wood exploded. Newton Anderson, Harvey Taylor and John Wilker were killed instantly, and Wilson Drake died of his injuries. Harvey Wilson and John Clapper were badly injured.

Every railroad coal operator in the Pittsburg, Pa., district has been asked to attend a meeting to be held Thursday. The object of the meeting is the discussion of trade conditions, freight rates and other important matters, some of which will have important bearing on the wage rates.

Munson Bros'. foundry at Utica, N. Y., was destroyed by fire last night. The losses are as follows: Munson Bros., $75 000; Eureka Mower Co., $35 000; A. I. Simmons, Receiver for the Old Eureka Mower Co., $10,000; R. J. Knox, lumber yards, $2 500. The property is insured for half the loss.

The steamer Cienfuegos, Capt. Smith, of the New York and Cuba line, which sailed from New York January 31st for Santiago via Nassau, stranded shortly before daylight February 4th, near Barber Island, 45 miles northeast of Nassau. Her passengers, crew and mails were safely landed.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Gold Reserve Increasing—The Impending Bond Issue Discussed in a Cabinet Meeting.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The Treasury gained to-day $656.000 in gold, increasing the gold reserve at the close of business to $48,804 642.

The Cabinet to-day was engaged for four and a-half hours in discussing the impending bond issues; but if any conclusion was reached the time for giving publicity thereto has not arrived. That a bond issue is likely to occur within a day or two is, however, generally regarded as certain, this impression finding a basis in active preparations therefor which were initiated only to-day at the Treasury Department in which the officials of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing were called as participants in the arrangements.

Several well known bankers and capitalists arrived here from New York yesterday and this morning, and all day to-day conferences have been progressing between two gentlemen and prominent Government officials. Among the prominent New York bankers now here are: August Belmont, representing the Rothschilds, J. Pierpont Morgan and Messrs. Speyer and Bacon.

Last night the President, Secretary Carlisle and Mr. Morgan were in conference at the Executive Mansion until a late hour. Mr. Belmont had seen the Secretary earlier in the afternoon. This morning the conference was resumed with Mr. Morgan. An industriously circulated rumor stated that Mr. Belmont had withdrawn from all participation in the matter of placing the loan abroad, leaving the bonds to be taken by American bankers.

Rumors that there were disagreements in the Cabinet on several matters connected with the bond issue became rife after the Cabinet adjourned, but could be traced to no reliable source. Mr. Belmont called at the Treasury this afternoon and had a conference with Mr. Curtis, but received no information as to the results of the Cabinet session. The President, Attorney-General Olney and Secretary Carlisle were together at the Executive Mansion as early as 10 o'clock and Secretary Carlisle did not return to the Treasury until nearly 5 o'clock in the afternoon. He authorized the statement that rumors of dissensions in the Cabinet were unfounded. One that stated that he had resigned, it was ascertained, was without the shadow of foundation. Secretary Carlisle, himself, would not dignify this rumor with a denial.

John Shriver, correspondent of the New York *Mail and Express*, and E. R. Chapman, the sugar broker, both of whom were refused a writ of *habeas corpus* to release them from custody for their alleged offence in refusing to testify before the Senate investigating committee, appeared before Judge Cole in the Criminal Court to-day and gave bail in the sum of $1 000 each, pending trial. Their former bondsmen, L. J. Davis and R. J. Winne, went on their bonds. Their trial will probably not begin until next month.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped, he should be promptly reported at this office.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 10 cents per line each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance. Fractions of lines counted as whole lines.

To make big money selling our Electric Telephone. Best seller on earth. Sent complete ready set up. Lines of any distance. A practical electric Telephone. Our agents making $5 or $10 a day easy. Everybody. Everybody buys; big money without work. Prices low. Any one can make $75 per month. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 11, Columbus, Ohio. feb 6 6.

Agents Wanted.—Free prepaid outfit to energetic men. Several of our salesmen have earned from $70 to $100 a week for years past. P. O. Box 1311, New York. 1*

A few thousand dollars to loan in small sums, at reasonable interest. Address B. F. L., care of STAR. feb 6 tf

Tobacco, Snuff, Flour and Molasses sold at bottom prices. Just received fresh lot best quality Crackers and Cakes. Consignments solicited. Cotton, Timber, Naval Stores and Country Produce of all kinds. Neill McKinnon, wholesale and retail grocer and Commission Merchant, No. 8 South Water street. c21

Portrait work.—Fine Photographs $1 per dozen. Get my prices on copying, enlarging and viewing before placing your order. Mail orders for copying and enlarging receive prompt attention. A trial order solicited. First-class work guaranteed. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. Extra fine photographs a specialty. c21

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. c21

John S. Mcskerren, 211 Market street, Dealer in Grain, Hay and all kinds of Mixed Feed. Leave orders, or call us through Telephone 99. c21

Portner's Beer for purity, Portner's Beer for quality, Portner's Beer for everybody, That's the tune they all sing—Portner's Beer for everybody. c21

Palmetto Brewing Co., of Charleston, S. C. Export, Rice and Lager Beer. Branch office No. 402 Nun street; deliveries promptly made anywhere in city. F. Richter, Manager. c21

Spiritine Chemical Co., L. Hansen manager. Wood distillers and refiners; Mfrs of Spiritine Oil for wood and iron preservation; Spiritine Paint, Tar Oil, distilled Tar and the 3 Spiritine remedies. c51

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

WORRIED WOMEN.

Why Do They Worry When It Is Needless?

HOW TO AVOID IT.

There Is a Secret Cause of Nearly All Worriment Which is to be Found in the Women Themselves.

It women only had perfect health nine-tenths of all the worrying which they now do would be avoided. When a woman is sick she cannot help worrying.

Now the cause of nearly all woman's sickness arises from the same source. Men get sick from various causes, but a woman's trouble are peculiar to herself. It is unfortunate, but it is true, and yet nearly all this trouble might be avoided. There is a sovereign remedy for women. Do you ask what is? Read what some ladies have said:

Mrs. A. Ludlam, of Chelsea, Mass., says: "Childbirth combined with the grip brought me to the border of the grave until my husband and friends gave me up to die. I shall always be thankful that at that time I began the use of a remedy of which I had heard much, and that I was restored to health and owe my live entirely to Warner's Safe Cure."

Mrs. Dr. O'Delia Blinn, Medical Superintendent of the Working Woman's Home, Chicago, says: "I prescribe Warner's Safe Cure in my general practice, and it gives me great pleasure to recommend it."

Mrs. M. L. Tyndale, of Packerton, Penn., says: "Several years ago I began my change of life, and for nearly three years I could eat nothing but crackers and water. I had pains in the back, inflammation, and severe vomiting spells. I could not sleep, and was weak and nervous. When almost, as it seemed, at the brink of the grave, I was restored to perfect health by the use of Warner's Safe Cure, and am better than ever before in my life."

Mrs. C. Murphy, Trumansburg, N. Y., says: "A few years ago I was troubled with nervous prostration to such an extent that sleep was well nigh impossible, and I failed rapidly. Fortunately, my attention was called to Warner's Safe Cure, and as a result of its use, I am cured and most heartily recommend it to all sufferers among my sex."

Mrs. J. Hallowell, residing at 2137 Seventh avenue, N. Y., says: "I have been a great sufferer from kidney trouble and any woman who has been similarly afflicted knows what I suffered; but I am happy to say that by the use of Warner's Safe Cure I have been restored to perfect health, have recommended its use to numerous friends and make this statement with great pleasure."

The list could be prolonged to more than the space of this paper would permit, but does it not show that all, and more than all, that has been asserted of Warner's Safe Cure, as a woman's friend," is true, and will you not act upon the suggestions these statements contain?

WARM WIRELETS.

Up to noon yesterday nothing had been heard of the French line steamer La Casloigne, two and a half days over due.

The Chamber of Commerce of Charleston, S. C., adopted resolutions endorsing the message of President Cleveland asking for authority to issue gold bonds with interest at 3 per cent.

Craig & Co., dealers in hardware, seeds, agricultural implements, Memphis, Tenn., has made a partial assignment. Assets $100 000, liabilities $65,000. Of these $14 000 are preferred.

The London *Daily News* prints a dispatch from Rio Janeiro saying that a conspiracy on the part of friends of ex-President Peixetto has been discovered, and that martial law will be declared.

A disastrous fire started at Hancock, Ind., yesterday evening and at midnight was still burning. The local fire brigade was unable to cope with the flames and assistance was sent from Martinsburg.

Willard's hotel at Washington, D. C., has changed hands. Mr. O. G. Staples retired and Mr. Morgan B. Lewis took charge. Mr. Lewis paid Mr. Staples $60 000 for his lease and hotel property.

A London dispatch says: Negotiations looking to the placing of the new U. S. bonds are still pending. There was a tendency there yesterday to take less than $50 000 000 worth of the bonds in consequence of a hitch in the price.

Shocks of earthquake were felt at Christiansand, Molde, Aalesund and Bergen, in the northern part of Norway, yesterday. No damage is reported. Eleven persons were killed by an avalanche at Kvanangen, in the province of Finmarken.

A dispatch from Roanoke, Va., says: Smallpox has broken out at Bluefield, W. Va. It is rumored that there are three cases at a hotel. N. R. Johnson, Vice President of the Roanoke Board of Trade, left yesterday for New England in the interest of the movement to induce cotton mills to come South.

ALL FOR ONE DOLLAR.

Twenty-Five Choice Novels for One Coupon and One Dollar—Note the Authors.

Examine this list of standard novels. You can get the 25 books for one coupon and One Dollar, and they will be sent post-paid to any address. See announcement in another column for coupon and complete list of books.

THESE 25 FOR ONE DOLLAR.

No. 51—A Rogue's Life; By Wilkie Collins.
No. 50—Treasure Island; By Robert L. Stevenson.
No. 49—The Red Hill Tragedy; By Emma D. E. N. Southworth.
No. 44—In Durance Vile; By "The Duchess."
No. 43—Meeting Her Fate; By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 42—Hickory Hall; By Emma D. E. N. Southworth.
No. 40—The Heiress of Hilldrop; By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 35—Grandfather's Chair; By Nathaniel Hawthorne.
No. 33—The Surgeon's Daughter; by Sir Walter Scott.
No. 31—No Thoroughfare; By Charles Dickens and Wilkie Collins.
No. 28—The Wandering Heir; By Charles Reade.
No. 27—The Squire's Darling; By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 23—The Siege of Granada; By Sir E. Bulwer Lytton.
No. 22—The Sea King; by Captain Marryat.
No. 20—Mr. Gilfil's Love Story, By Geo. Eliot.
No. 19—The Armorer of Tyre; By Wyle Cobb, Jr.
No. 17—Rock Ruin, or The Daughter of the Island, By Mrs. Ann S. Stephens.
No. 16—A Study in Scarlet; By A. Conan Doyle.
No. 14—Nours, Revels Mistake; By Florence Warden.
No. 12—The Black Tulip; by Alexander Dumas.
No. 11—The Belle of Lynn, or The Miller's Daughter; By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 9—The Black Dwarf; By Sir Walter Scott.
No. 6—The Corsican Brothers; By Alex Dumas.
No. 4—King Solomon's Mines; By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 1—The Scarlet Letter; By Nathaniel Hawthorne.

Progressive Institute,

DUNN, N. C.

A GOOD PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR Boys and Girls. MUSIC, ART, BOOK-KEEPING and CHEMISTRY taught. Address

D. B. PARKER, Principal,
Dunn, N. C.

feb 8 1m

There is Something in This!

MY Business is purely a personally conducted one and all prescription work entrusted to my care will have, and only have, my Personal Attention. See?

JAS. D. NUTT,
The Druggist.

jan 27 tf

Wrapping Paper. If you wish to buy old news papers, suitable for wrapping paper, or placing under carpets, almost at your own price, call at the STAR Office. Sept 23 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A NEW THING

FOR WILMINGTON.

WE INTEND TO HAVE THE ONLY ONE Price store in this city. We are marking down all our stock to the very lowest prices ever given by any house and will not take off a pair for anyone. We don't see why we should make $1 50 pants at $1. Last week we actually did sell for $1 25 or $1. Until we can tell you why we only ask $1 and don't get it at once. There are some of our customers that would not buy from us or a year if we don't fall in the price, but from now they will have to stop trading with us till they get convinced that they are losing more by not trading at the

One Price

Barrain House. In regard to prices we intend to treat as a lake; rich or Poor will all pay the same. See just a few of our prices 38-inch all wool Henriettas the latest spring shades, for 5c, worth 7c last year.

Print of Loom yard wide Bleaching 7½c, other at 5c and 6c; Knickinghams at same price per yard wide, best made 5c; Percales and Ginghams, 1 yard wide, 5c; other grades cheaper; Checks from 2½c to 5c; Plaid Silks, just received, best spring shades for short waists, 45c per yard, 54-inch all wool Henrietta in the latest spring shades 50c; was 75c; last year; gingham at 5c; was 6c last year; ladies' kid gloves at 75c, was $1 last year; other grades—Paper—$1.25, $1.50, $2.00; Misses' hose from 7½c to $2 50.

A full line of slippers for children for Spring 48c, 65c and 98c; Good oil finished window shades 35c; Good spring roller shades 18c. Gents' clothing, Carpets and oilcloths near closing out at cost.

We are running three floors, and all are packed full of bargains.

RACKET STORE.

Opposite the Market, 117 South Front street, Wilmington, N. C. jan 27 tf

RAMIE AND JUTE.

We have not either woven in with our

TABLE LINEN.

We sell to you Linen, not Jute or Ramie.

Special price on Table Linen.

We give you the number of inches wide by yard stick. Remember

UNBLEACH AND BLEACH

Table Linens.

53 inch wide Linen Table Cloth at 35c a yard.

Bleach Table Linen, 64 inches wide, round thread, at 65c a yard.

Round thread Table Linen, bleached, at 70c a yard, real value 90c a yard.

Bleach Table Linen, 64-inch wide, round thread, at 62½c a yard; would be real good value at 75c a yard.

68 inch wide, round thread, Bleach Table Linen to be sold at 85c, regular price $1.15 a yard. One piece of Table Linen, 68 inches wide, real value $1.50, to be sold at $1.10 a yd.

64 inch wide Bleach Table Linen at 58c a yard, regular price 75c.

70-inch Bleach Table Linen, worth $1.20 a yard, reduced to 95c a yard.

Toweling.

36-inch Check Toweling (all linen) at 20c a yard, would be good value at 35c.

Cup Toweling at 8c a yard, would be good value at 10c a yard.

Linen Roller Toweling, 18 inch wide, to be sold at 10c a yard.

Linen Toweling, plain white, at 10 to 12½c a yard.

Linen Toweling, black, at 8c, 10c and 12½c a yard.

A lot of Check Linen Crash at 7c a yard.

Real Table Cloth—Red Figured Table Cloth at 35c a yard.

Extra good quality Red Table Cloth at 42c a yard.

I respectfully call the attention of the public to the remarkable reduction in my stock of Table Linen.

Yours truly,

C. E. Gordon,

N. E. Cor. Market and Front sts.

feb 3 tf

The Giles & Murchison Stock —OF— Hardware

Tinware, Etc.,

To be Sold at a Great Reduction In Prices.

The undersigned has assumed the management